

(Pursuant to section 34 of the Waste Management and Pollution Control Act)

Licensee Rum Jungle Meat Exports Pty Ltd

Licence Number EPL282 - 01

Registered Business

Address

Rum Jungle Meat Exports Pty Ltd

132 Maffra Street Coolaroo VIC 3048

ABN 75 632 450 527

Premises Address Section 02894 Hundred of Goyder plan(s) S 78/129

165 MENELING RD, FINNISS VALLEY

Anniversary Date: 14 November

Commencement Date: 14/11/2024

Expiry Date: 13/11/2029

**Scheduled Activity** Operating **premises**, other than a sewage treatment plant,

associated with collecting, transporting, storing, re-cycling, treating or disposing of a **listed waste** (as per Table 1) on a

commercial or fee for service basis.

**Description** Rum Jungle Meat Exports Pty. Ltd (RJME), a subsidiary of

Central Agri Group (CAG), operate the Batchelor Abattoir facility, located on an 828 ha property near the town of Batchelor, approximately 98 km south of Darwin, Northern Territory. The abattoir is an Export Registered Establishment under the Export Control Act 2020 (Commonwealth) and holds a Domestic Abattoir Licence under the Meat Industries Act

1996 (Northern Territory), licence number 3556.

The facility slaughters cattle, buffalo, donkey and camel to produce meat for export and domestic markets. Abattoir

wastes are rendered to produce saleable tallow and meal products or removed from site. Wastewater is disposed on site via an irrigation system in accordance with environmental protection licence (EPL) conditions.

Table 1 - Listed Wastes Authorised to be Handled

Listed Waste	Collection	Transport	Storage	Treatment	Recycling	Disposal
Animal effluent and residues	×	×	✓	✓	✓	<b>~</b>

<sup>✓</sup> Activity authorised by this licence

<sup>×</sup> Activity not authorised by this licence

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## **ATTACHMENTS**

- 1 RJME Appendix A EPL282-1 20241224.pdf
- 2 Figure 4. Site Plan (ID 183000).pdf

#### INFORMATION ABOUT THIS LICENCE

This licence does not in any way relieve the licence holder from its obligations to comply with the WMPC
Act, including the general environmental duty in section 12 of the WMPC Act and the duty to notify of
incidents causing or threatening to cause pollution under section 14 of the WMPC Act.

#### Duration of a licence (section 40, 43 and 45 of the WMPC Act)

- A licence will remain in force until its expiry date or until it is surrendered by the licensee or is suspended or cancelled in accordance with the WMPC Act.
- The licensee must notify the Northern Territory Environment Protection Authority (NT EPA) within 14 days after ceasing to conduct the activity.
- The licensee may, with the approval of the NT EPA, surrender the licence to the NT EPA.

### Amendment or Revocation of a licence (section 37 of the WMPC Act)

- The licensee may apply to amend or revoke a condition of this licence.
- A fee applies and the application must be made using the designated form via NT EPA Online.
- The NT EPA may also amend or revoke a condition of this licence as set out in section 38 of the WMPC Act.

#### Transfer of a licence (section 46 of the WMPC Act)

The licensee can apply to transfer their licence to another person.

#### Renewal of a licence (section 40 of the WMPC Act and section 3 of the Regulations)

- The licensee may apply for the renewal of their licence not earlier than 90 days, and not later than 30 days, before their licence expires.
- A fee applies and the application must be made via NT EPA Online.

#### **Public Register**

- A copy of environment protection licences and any plans for environmental management, reports, submissions or documents required as a condition of an environment protection licence, will be placed on a register in accordance with section 9 of the WMPC Act.
- A copy of the Annual Return will be placed on the register.
- The NT EPA makes this register freely available from the NT EPA website.

# Environment Protection Objectives (Part 4 of the WMPC Act), and Water Quality Standards (section 73 of the Water Act 1992)

- An Environment Protection Objective (EPO) is a statutory instrument to establish principles on which:
  - **a.** environmental quality is to be maintained, enhanced, managed or protected;
  - **b.** pollution, or environmental harm resulting from pollution, is to be assessed, prevented, reduced, controlled, rectified or cleaned up; and
  - **c.** effective waste management is to be implemented or evaluated.
- In accordance with section 18 of the WMPC Act a beneficial use, quality standard, criteria or objective declared under section 73 of the Water Act 1992 and in force is an environment protection objective for the purposes of the WMPC Act.

• The following EPOs and Beneficial Use Declarations (BUDs) are relevant to this licence:

#### **Environmental Interests**

- This section highlights sensitivity of the surrounding land use and environment associated with the location of the approved activity.
- Sites of Conservation Significance
- Ramsar Wetland

#### **Cultural Interests**

 It is the licensee's responsibility to contact the Aboriginal Areas Protection Authority, appropriate land council or other governing body and ensure that any Authority Certificates required as a result of conducting the licenced activity are obtained and complied with.

#### RULES FOR INTERPRETING THE CONDITIONS OF THIS LICENCE

- Where there is a discrepancy between the conditions of this licence and any plan, standard, guideline or other document referred to in this licence, the conditions of this licence prevail to the extent of the inconsistency.
- Any reference to any standard (Australian or international) in this licence means the relevant parts of the current version of that standard.
- A reference to any guideline or code of practice (or to the relevant parts of any guideline or code of practice) in this licence means the current version of the guideline or code of practice.
- Under section 39 of the WMPC Act, any contravention of or failure to comply with this licence by the licensee may be an offence.
- In determining whether the licensee has committed an offence, the licensee may be liable for the conduct of its directors, employees or agents.
- The licensee should ensure that each of its directors, employees, contractors or agents are aware of, and comply with, this licence.
- In this licence, unless the contrary intention appears, words that are defined in the WMPC Act are intended to have the meaning given to them in that Act.

#### LICENCE CONDITIONS

#### **GENERAL**

- 1 The licensee must ensure the contact details recorded in NT EPA Online for this licence are correct at all times.
- 2 The licensee must at all times have a 24 hour emergency contact.
- The licensee must pay via NT EPA Online the annual fee calculated in accordance with the method prescribed in the Regulations within 10 business days of the anniversary date of this licence, for each year or part of a year that this licence is in force.
- The licensee must cause clear and legible signage, in English, to be displayed in a prominent location at each public entrance to the premises that includes the following details:
  - 4.1 environment protection licence number issued under the WMPC Act; and
  - 4.2 24 hour emergency contact details.
- The licensee must cause a copy of this licence to be available for inspection by any person, in hard copy form, at the premises.
- The licensee must provide to the NT EPA, within 10 business days of a request, a copy of any document, monitoring data or other information in relation to the activity, in the format requested by the NT EPA.
- All notices, reports, documents or other correspondence required to be provided as a condition of this licence, unless otherwise specified as a condition of this licence, must be provided in electronic form by uploading the document via NT EPA Online (or by emailing environmentalregulation@nt.gov.au).
- Within 10 business days of any amendment being made to a document listed in Table 2 the licensee must provide the amended document to the NT EPA, along with:
  - 8.1 a tabulated summary of the amendment(s) with document references;
  - 8.2 reasons for the amendment(s); and
  - 8.3 an assessment of environmental risk associated with the amendment(s).

Table 2: Documents to apply.

Document Title	Document Reference
Environmental Management Plan	182757-29
Emergency Response Plan	Appendix E

- The NT EPA may require the licensee to revise or amend and resubmit any document. Where the NT EPA requires a document to be resubmitted, the licensee must submit it to the NT EPA by the date specified by the NT EPA.
- The licensee must implement, maintain and follow an Emergency Response Plan that addresses procedures for responding to emergencies associated with the activity that may cause environmental harm.

- The licensee must maintain a Complaint Log for all complaints received by the licensee in relation to the activity.
- The licensee must ensure that the Complaint Log includes, for each complaint received by the licensee, the following information:
  - 12.1 the person to whom the complaint was made;
  - 12.2 the person responsible for managing the complaint;
  - 12.3 the date and time the complaint was reported;
  - 12.4 the date and time of the event(s) that led to the complaint;
  - the contact details of the complainant if known, or where no details are provided a note to that effect:
  - 12.6 the nature of the complaint;
  - 12.7 the nature of event(s) giving rise to the complaint;
  - 12.8 prevailing weather conditions at the time (where relevant to the complaint);
  - 12.9 the action taken in relation to the complaint, including any follow-up contact with the complainant; and
  - 12.10 if no action was taken, why no action was taken.

#### **EARLY SURRENDER OF LICENCE**

Any reports, records or other information required or able to be provided by the licensee under this licence must be submitted to the NT EPA prior to the licensee surrendering the licence. If the date on which a report, record or other information is required falls after the date the licensee requests to surrender this licence, the licensee must provide the report, record or information as far as possible using data available to the licensee up to and including the date the request to surrender the licence is made.

#### **OPERATIONAL**

- The licensee must not collect, transport, store, recycle, treat or dispose of listed waste other than the listed waste specified in Table 1.
- 15 The licensee must ensure any plant and equipment used by the licensee in conducting the activity:
  - 15.1 is reasonably fit for the purpose and use to which it is put;
  - 15.2 is maintained;
  - 15.3 is operated by a person trained to use the plant and equipment; and
  - 15.4 is operated by, or operated by a person accompanied by, a person trained to handle, store or dispose of listed waste in connection with the activity.
- The licensee must segregate waste at the premises in clearly designated areas.
- The licensee must ensure that all materials that are likely to cause environmental harm are handled and stored in areas with a containment system in accordance with the relevant Australian Standard. Where no relevant Australian Standard exists, the containment system must be sized to contain 110% of the volume of the largest container within the area.

- The licensee must ensure that all listed waste being transported from the premises is transported by a person licenced to transport the listed waste.
- The licensee must only store wastewater generated from the activity within the wastewater treatment ponds as defined in the environmental management plan.
- The licensee must ensure that wastewater does not overflow, leak or spill from the wastewater treatment ponds.

#### **DISCHARGES AND EMISSIONS**

- The licensee must ensure there is no migration or overflow of a contaminant or waste, which causes or may cause environmental harm, beyond the boundary of the land on which the premises are located. (For the avoidance of doubt, this condition is not intended to authorise the discharge of a contaminant or waste to any land or water which discharge has not been specifically authorised by another condition of this licence).
- The licensee must not allow a contaminant or waste, which causes or may cause environmental harm, to enter water.

#### Discharges to Land

This licence authorises discharge to land from the authorised discharge point(s) as identified in Table 3 and as otherwise allowed in accordance with the conditions of this licence.

Table 3

Authorised Discharge Coordinates:

Authorised Discharge Point (WW4)	Latitude -13.052416	Longitude 131.000707

- The licensee must ensure that all discharge events to land consist only of waste specified in Table 1.
- The licensee must ensure that discharges of wastewater only occurs by irrigation to land within the boundaries of the licensed premises.
- The licensee must, at each authorised discharge point to land, install, operate and maintain a device to measure:
  - 26.1 the time the discharge commenced and the duration of the discharge;
  - 26.2 the discharge rate of flow; and
  - 26.3 the discharge volume.
- The licensee must ensure that the discharge to land from all discharge events at each authorised discharge point does not:
  - 27.1 contain any floating debris, oil, grease, petroleum hydrocarbon sheen, scum, litter or other objectionable matter;
  - 27.2 cause or generate odours that may be considered environmental nuisance;
  - 27.3 cause surface ponding or run off of wastewater;
  - 27.4 pollute groundwater or water within a waterway;
  - 27.5 cause erosion or degradation of soil; or

- 27.6 cause adverse impacts on plants or animals.
- 28 The licensee must ensure that:
  - any land that is to be irrigated with wastewater, is covered with a suitable plant crop;
  - 28.2 the plant crop is well maintained at all times to facilitate uptake of nutrients from the wastewater; and
  - 28.3 crops are routinely harvested and removed from any land which has been irrigated with wastewater.

#### Licence Audit

- The licensee must submit a biannual licence audit within 10 buisness days of anniversary date of this licence; to evaluate the extent to which the licensee is compliant with:
  - 29.1 all conditions of this licence.
- 30 The licence audit must:
  - 30.1 be prepared by a suitably qualified person;
  - 30.2 be provided to the NT EPA within 10 business days of the anniversary of this licence.

#### MONITORING

- 31 The licensee must conduct surface water and groundwater monitoring in accordance with Appendix A.
- The licensee must ensure that all samples and field environmental data are representative of the conditions at the time of sampling.
- The licensee must ensure that all samples and field environmental data are collected in accordance with recognised Australian Standards and guidelines (such as AS/NZS 5667, ANZECC/ARMCANZ)
- The licensee must ensure that all monitoring samples are analysed at a laboratory with current NATA accreditation or equivalent, for the parameters to be measured.
- The licensee must for all monitoring points specified in the Monitoring Plan:
  - 35.1 install and maintain appropriate identification signage so that they are reasonably identifiable at all times; and
  - 35.2 maintain safe access and egress, as is reasonably practicable.
- The licensee must ensure any samples collected in accordance with the Monitoring Plan or in connection with the activity or this licence, are obtained by, or under the supervision of a qualified sampler.
- The licensee must ensure that, for each sample collected in accordance with the Monitoring Plan or the activity the following information must be recorded and retained:
  - 37.1 the date on which the sample was collected;
  - 37.2 the time at which the sample was collected;
  - 37.3 the location at which the sample was collected;
  - 37.4 the name of the person who collected the sample;
  - 37.5 the chain of custody forms relating to the sample;

- 37.6 the field measurements (if any) and analytical results (if any) relating to the sample; and
- 37.7 laboratory quality assurance and quality control documentation.

#### **RECORDING AND REPORTING**

- The licensee must retain records relating to waste, including listed waste, as required by the conditions of this licence, for a period of 2 years after the end of the 12 month period to which the record relates.
- The licensee must keep records of all non-compliances with this licence. These records must be adequate to enable the licensee to comply with the non-compliance notification conditions of this licence.
- The licensee must notify the NT EPA of any non-compliance with this licence by completing the Non-Compliance Notification via NT EPA Online (or by emailing environmentalregulation@nt.gov.au), as soon as practicable after (and in any case within 24 hours after) first becoming aware of the non-compliance.
- 41 The licensee must include in the notification of non-compliance the following information:
  - 41.1 when the non-compliance was detected and by whom;
  - 41.2 the date and time of the non-compliance;
  - 41.3 the actual and potential causes and contributing factors to the non-compliance;
  - 41.4 the risk of environmental harm arising from the non-compliance;
  - 41.5 the action(s) that have or will be undertaken to mitigate any environmental harm arising from the non-compliance;
  - 41.6 corrective actions that have or will be undertaken to ensure the non-compliance does not reoccur;
  - 41.7 if no action was taken, why no action was taken; and
  - 41.8 a date when an incident investigation report will be submitted to the NT EPA.
- The licensee must keep records of, and investigate all, exceedances of trigger values for parameters specified in Appendix A.
- The licensee must ensure that records of trigger value exceedance includes the following information:
  - 43.1 when the exceedance was detected and by whom;
  - 43.2 the date and time of the exceedance;
  - 43.3 the actual and potential causes and contributing factors to the exceedance;
  - 43.4 the risk of environmental harm arising from the exceedance.
  - the action(s) that have or will be undertaken to address the exceedance and/or environmental harm;
  - 43.6 if no action was taken, why no action was taken; and
  - 43.7 a date when an incident investigation report will be submitted to the NT EPA.
- The licensee must submit a completed Annual Return form to environmentalregulation@nt.gov.au within 10 business days after each anniversary date of this licence, which relates to the preceding 12 month period.

- The licensee must complete and provide to the NT EPA a Monitoring Report, as prescribed by this licence, within 10 business days after each anniversary date of this licence.
- The licensee must ensure that each Monitoring Report:
  - 46.1 is prepared in accordance with the requirements of the NT EPA 'Guideline for Reporting on Environmental Monitoring' (or any other guideline as adopted by the NT EPA from time to time);
  - 46.2 includes a tabulation, in Microsoft ® Excel ® format, of all monitoring data required as a condition of this licence;
  - 46.3 includes long term trend analysis of monitoring data to demonstrate any environmental impact associated with the activity over a minimum period of three years (where the data is available); and
  - 46.4 includes an assessment of environmental impact from the activity.

## **END OF LICENCE CONDITIONS**

This licence is not valid unless signed below:

Ben McTavish

A/Director Environmental Operations Delegate of the Northern Territory Environment Protection Authority

Dated: 24/12/2024

#### **DEFINITIONS**

All terms in the Licence which are defined in the *Waste Management and Pollution Control Act* have the meaning given in that Act unless otherwise or further defined in this section.

Contact details includes the 24 hour emergency contact, and name, position title and phone

number of a representative of the licensee who can be contacted about the licence

and activity.

DEFINITION In this licence, unless a contrary intention appears:

Water includes:

(a) surface water, ground water and tidal waters;

(b) coastal waters of the Territory, within the meaning of the Coastal Waters

(Northern Territory Powers) Act 1980 of the Commonwealth; and

(c) water containing an impurity.

Maintain kept in a manner that it does not present or cause a risk of environmental harm or a

hazard to persons or property or, for the purposes of documents including plans, a

process of reviewing and amending documentation to ensure it is relevant.

24 hour emergency

contact

the phone number of a person who can be contacted at any time and be capable of

responding to and providing information about any incident associated with the

activity.

Activity the Scheduled activity as described on the covering page of this licence.

Annual Return an NT EPA prescribed format for demonstrating and reporting compliance with the

conditions of this licence and providing information on waste volumes for the

preceding 12 month period.

Listed waste a waste included under Schedule 2 of the Regulations.

NATA National Association of Testing Authorities, Australia.

Non-compliance notification

an NT EPA prescribed format for notifying the NT EPA of a non-compliance.

NT EPA Online online system for Environment Protection Licence (EPL), Environment Protection

Approval (EPA) and Waste Discharge Licence (WDL) lodgement and maintenance.

Qualified sampler a person who has training and experience in obtaining samples from the relevant

environmental medium.

Regulations Waste Management and Pollution Control (Administration) Regulations 1998.

Trigger values assigned value for each indicator used to assess the risk to an environmental

value, a value that initiates some type of pre-defined management action.

Wastewater water that contains a contaminant or waste.

Plant and equipment all material items used in association with the activity, including (but not limited to)

storage vessels and containers, pipe work and hosing, vehicles (including vessels),

tools, and measuring equipment.

Environmental harm (a) any harm to or adverse effect on the environment; or

(b) any potential harm (including the risk of harm and future harm) to or potential

adverse effect on the environment, of any degree or duration and includes

environmental nuisance.

Incident includes:

(a) an accident, emergency or malfunction; and

(b) a deliberate action, whether or not that action was taken by the person conducting the activity in the course of which the incident occurred.

WMPC Act the Northern Territory Waste Management and Pollution Control Act 1998.

Waste (a) a solid, a liquid or a gas; or

(b) a mixture of such substances,

that is or are left over, surplus or an unwanted by-product from any activity (whether or not the substance is of value) and includes a prescribed substance or class of

substances.

**Emergency Response** 

Plan

a written plan documenting the licensee's procedures for responding to

emergencies caused by, resulting from or associated with the activity and that may

cause environmental harm.

Pollute (a) emit, discharge, deposit, or disturb, directly or indirectly, a contaminant or

waste; or

(b) cause, permit, or fail to prevent, directly or indirectly, the emission, discharge,

deposition, disturbance or escape of a contaminant or waste.

Pollution (a) a contaminant or waste that is emitted, discharged, deposited or disturbed or

that escapes; or

(b) a contaminant or waste, effect or phenomenon, that is present in the

environment as a consequence of an emission, discharge, deposition, escape or

disturbance or a contaminant or waste.

Public entrance access to the premises that is utilised by the public.

Non-compliance failure or refusal to comply, whether by act or omission, with obligations or

requirements and includes any exceedance of a licence limit.

Stormwater water flowing over ground surfaces, in natural streams and drains as a direct result

of rainfall over a catchment and consists primarily of rainfall runoff.

Premises the premises identified in this licence which includes equipment, plant and

structures, whether stationary or portable, and the land on which premises are

situated.

Suitably qualified person means a person who has professional qualifications, training, skills or experience

relevant to the nominated subject matter and can give authoritative assessment, advise and analysis to performance relative to the subject matter using the relevant

protocols, standards, methods or literature.

ANZECC/ARMCANZ Australian and New Zealand Environment and Conservation Council and

Agriculture and Resource Management Council of Australia and New Zealand, 2000: National Water Quality Management Strategy: Australian Guidelines for

Water Quality Monitoring and Reporting.

Point source discharge means any discernible, confined or discrete conveyance from which contaminants

or waste are or may be discharged.

Air includes any layer of the atmosphere.

Annual fee yearly fee payable in respect of the activity as specified in the WMPC Act and the

Regulations.

Contaminant a solid, liquid or gas or any combination of such substances and includes:

(a) noise, odour, heat and electromagnetic radiation;

(b) a prescribed substance or prescribed class of substances; and

(c) a substance having a prescribed property or prescribed class of properties.

Business days a day not Saturday, Sunday or a public holiday, in the Northern Territory.

Complaint Log a register of complaints to be maintained by the Licensee that records the details of

each complaint received in relation to the activity.

Discharges allow a liquid, gas or other substance to flow out from where it has been confined.

Material environmental

harm

environmental harm that:

(a) is not trivial or negligible in nature;

(b) consists of an environmental nuisance of a high impact or on a wide scale;

(c) results, or is likely to result, in not more than \$50,000 or the prescribed amount

(whichever is greater) being spent in taking appropriate action to prevent or minimise the environmental harm or rehabilitate the environment; or

(d) results in actual or potential loss or damage to the value of not more than

\$50,000 or the prescribed amount (whichever is greater).

Environmental nuisance means:

(a) an adverse effect on the amenity of an area that:

(i) is caused by noise, smoke, dust, fumes or odour; and

(ii) unreasonably interferes with or is likely to unreasonably interfere with the enjoyment of the area by persons who occupy a place within the area or are

otherwise lawfully in the area; or

(b) an unsightly or offensive condition caused by contaminants or waste.

Solid inert waste solid waste that has no active chemical or biological properties. These wastes do

not undergo environmentally significant physical, chemical or biological

transformation.

Land includes water and air on, above or under land.

Putrescible waste the component of the waste stream liable to become putrid. For example, organic

matter that has the potential to decompose with the formation of malodorous

substances, usually refers to vegetative, food and animal products.

## **Appendix A: Monitoring Plan**

Table 1 Monitoring program and trigger values for irrigation water

Monitoring Sites	Parameter	Sampling Frequency	Trigger Values <sup>1</sup>
Authorised discharge	PH	Monthly during	6 – 9
point	EC	irrigation	1,300 μs/cm
	Total N		125 mg/L
Latitude:	Total P		12 mg/L
-13.052416°	E. coli, Enterococci, Total coliforms		1,000 cfu/100mL (fodder)
Longitude: 131.000707°	Cations & anions (Ca, Mg, Na, K, SO4, Cl, CO3 + HCO3)		N/A

Table 2 Monitoring program and trigger values for groundwater sites

Monitoring Sites	Parameter <sup>2</sup>	Sampling Frequency
GW1	PH	Quarterly
GW2	EC	
	Total N	
	Total P	
	E. coli, Enterococci, Totalcoliforms	
	Cations & anions (Ca, Mg, Na, K, SO4, Cl, CO3	
	+HCO3)	

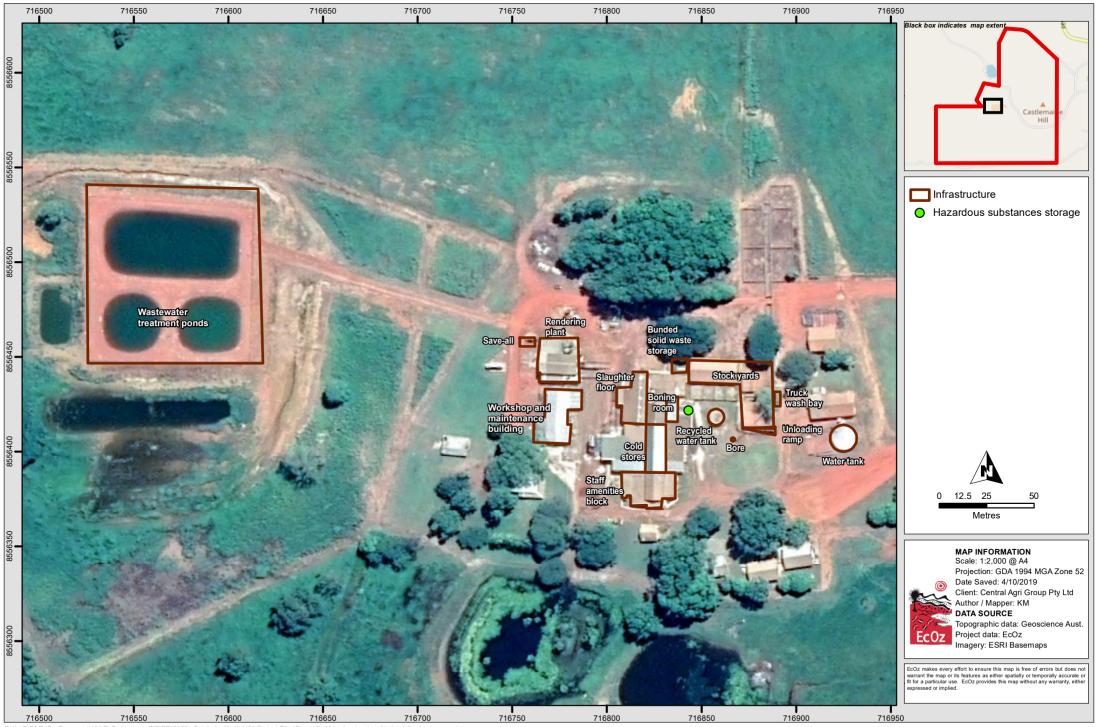
Table 3 Monitoring program and trigger values for surface water sites

<b>Monitoring Sites</b>	Parameter <sup>3</sup>	Sampling Frequency
SW1	PH	Monthly during wet
SW2	EC	season months (Nov-
SW3	Total N	April)
	Total P	
	E. coli, Enterococci, Total coliforms	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Australian and New Zealand Guidelines for Fresh and Marine Water Quality – Volume 3 – Chapter 9 – Primary Industries irrigation to fodder crop (ANZECC, 2000).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Darwin Harbour Water Quality Objectives for groundwater.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Darwin Harbour Water Quality Objectives for freshwater rivers and streams If the concentration at SW1 is greater than the trigger value then the concentration at SW1 becomes the trigger value for that monitoring round.



Path: Z:\01 EcOz\_Documents\04 EcOz Vantage GIS\EZ19165 - Batchelor Abattoir\01 Project Files\Figure 2. Map showing the abbatoir infrastructure...mxd

Figure 4. Site Plan