

ENVIRONMENT PROTECTION LICENCE

(Pursuant to section 34 of the *Waste Management and Pollution Control Act*)

Licensee	Rum Jungle Meat Exports Pty Ltd
Licence Number	EPL282
Registered Business Address	Rum Jungle Meat Exports Pty Ltd 132 Maffra Street Coolaroo VIC 3048
ABN	75 632 450 527
Premises Address	Section 02894 Hundred of Goyder plan(s) S 78/129 165 MENELING RD, FINNISS VALLEY
Anniversary Date:	14 November
Commencement Date:	14/11/2019
Expiry Date:	13/11/2024
Scheduled Activity	Operating premises , other than a sewage treatment plant, associated with collecting, transporting, storing, re-cycling, treating or disposing of a listed waste (as per Table 1) on a commercial or fee for service basis.
Description	Operation of the Batchelor Abattoir to process cattle and a small number of buffaloes and donkeys. Listed waste (<i>animal effluent and residues</i>) are treated through a 0.25mm rotary fine screen (Contra-Shear Milliscreen). Blood and solid wastes are recycled through the rendering plant into tallow and meal. Liquids are transferred to the effluent treatment ponds for storage and secondary treatment.

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Table 1 - Listed Wastes Authorised to be Handled

Listed Waste	Collection	Transport	Storage	Treatment	Recycling	Disposal
Animal effluent and residues	✘	✘	✓	✓	✓	✓

✓ Activity authorised by this licence

✘ Activity not authorised by this licence

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ATTACHMENTS

There are no attachments

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INFORMATION ABOUT THIS LICENCE

- This licence does not in any way relieve the licence holder from its obligations to comply with the *Waste Management and Pollution Control Act* (WMPC Act), including the general environmental duty in section 12 of the WMPC Act and the duty to notify of incidents causing or threatening to cause pollution under section 14 of the WMPC Act.

Duration of a licence (section 40, 43 and 45 of the WMPC Act)

- A licence will remain in force until its expiry date or until it is surrendered by the licensee or is suspended or cancelled in accordance with the WMPC Act.
- The licensee must notify the Northern Territory Environment Protection Authority (NT EPA) within 14 days after ceasing to conduct the activity.
- The licensee may, with the approval of the NT EPA, surrender the licence to the NT EPA.

Amendment or Revocation of a licence (section 37 of the WMPC Act)

- The licensee may apply to amend or revoke a condition of this licence.
- A fee applies and the application must be made using the designated form via NT EPA Online.
- The NT EPA may also amend or revoke a condition of this licence as set out in section 38 of the WMPC Act.

Transfer of a licence (section 46 of the WMPC Act)

- The licensee can apply to transfer their licence to another person.

Renewal of a licence (section 40 of the WMPC Act and section 3 of the Regulations)

- The licensee may apply for the renewal of their licence not earlier than 90 days, and not later than 30 days, before their licence expires.
- A fee applies and the application must be made via NT EPA Online.

Public Register

- A copy of environment protection licences and any plans for environmental management, reports, submissions or documents required as a condition of an environment protection licence, will be placed on a register in accordance with section 9 of the WMPC Act.
- A copy of the Annual Return will be placed on the register.
- The NT EPA makes this register freely available from the NT EPA website.

Environment Protection Objectives (Part 4 of the WMPC Act), and Water Quality Standards (section 73 of the *Water Act*)

- An Environment Protection Objective (EPO) is a statutory instrument to establish principles on which:
 - a. environmental quality is to be maintained, enhanced, managed or protected;
 - b. pollution, or environmental harm resulting from pollution, is to be assessed, prevented, reduced, controlled, rectified or cleaned up; and
 - c. effective waste management is to be implemented or evaluated.
- In accordance with section 18 of the WMPC Act a beneficial use, quality standard, criteria or objective declared under section 73 of the *Water Act* and in force is an environment protection objective for the purposes of the WMPC Act.

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- The following EPOs and Beneficial Use Declarations (BUDs) are relevant to this licence:
 - Fog Bay Area - aquatic ecosystem protection, NTGG 27 Feb 1998.

Environmental Interests

- This section highlights sensitivity of the surrounding land use and environment associated with the location of the approved activity.
- Sites of Conservation Significance - site is upstream of Finniss River Floodplain and Fog Bay.
- Site is in close proximity to Litchfield National Park.

Cultural Interests

- It is the licensee's responsibility to contact the Aboriginal Areas Protection Authority, appropriate land council or other governing body and ensure that any Authority Certificates required as a result of conducting the licenced activity are obtained and complied with.

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RULES FOR INTERPRETING THE CONDITIONS OF THIS LICENCE

- Where there is a discrepancy between the conditions of this licence and any plan, standard, guideline or other document referred to in this licence, the conditions of this licence prevail to the extent of the inconsistency.
- Any reference to any standard (Australian or international) in this licence means the relevant parts of the current version of that standard.
- A reference to any guideline or code of practice (or to the relevant parts of any guideline or code of practice) in this licence means the current version of the guideline or code of practice.
- Under section 39 of the WMPC Act, any contravention of or failure to comply with this licence by the licensee may be an offence.
- In determining whether the licensee has committed an offence, the licensee may be liable for the conduct of its directors, employees or agents.
- The licensee should ensure that each of its directors, employees, contractors or agents are aware of, and comply with, this licence.
- In this licence, unless the contrary intention appears, words that are defined in the WMPC Act are intended to have the meaning given to them in that Act.

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LICENCE CONDITIONS

GENERAL

- 1 The licensee must ensure the contact details recorded in NT EPA Online for this licence are correct at all times.
- 2 The licensee must at all times have a 24 hour emergency contact.
- 3 The licensee must pay the annual fee calculated in accordance with the method prescribed in the Regulations within 50 business days of the anniversary of the commencement date of this licence, for each year or part of a year that this licence is in force.
- 4 The licensee must cause clear and legible signage, in English, to be displayed in a prominent location at each public entrance to the premises that includes the following details:
 - 4.1 environment protection licence number issued under the WMPC Act; and
 - 4.2 24 hour emergency contact details.
- 5 The licensee must cause a copy of this licence to be available for inspection by any person, in hard copy form, at the premises.
- 6 The licensee must provide to the NT EPA, within 10 business days of a request, a copy of any document, monitoring data or other information in relation to the activity, in the format requested by the NT EPA.
- 7 All notices, reports, documents or other correspondence required to be provided as a condition of this licence, unless otherwise specified as a condition of this licence, must be provided in electronic form by uploading the document via NT EPA Online (or by emailing waste@nt.gov.au).
- 8 Within 10 business days of any amendment being made to a document listed in Table 2 the licensee must provide the amended document to the NT EPA, along with:
 - 8.1 a tabulated summary of the amendment(s) with document references;
 - 8.2 reasons for the amendment(s); and
 - 8.3 an assessment of environmental risk associated with the amendment(s).

Table 2 - Documents relating to this licence

Document ID	Document Title
Rev 2	Environmental Management Plan Appendix A – Odour Modelling Appendix B – Abattoir Mass Balance Appendix C – Odour Management Procedure Appendix D – Waste Management Plan Appendix E – Emergency Response Plan

- 9 The NT EPA may require the licensee to revise or amend and resubmit any amended document. Where the NT EPA requires a document to be resubmitted, the licensee must submit it to the NT EPA by the date specified by the NT EPA.
- 10 The licensee must, for the duration of this licence, implement, maintain and follow a Consultation and Communication Plan which includes a strategy for communicating with persons who are likely to have a real interest in, or be affected by, the activity.

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- 11 The licensee must operate and maintain a community feedback number.
- 12 The licensee must display the community feedback number:
 - 12.1 where the licensee has a website, in a prominent location on the licensee's website;
 - 12.2 in the Consultation and Communication Plan; and
 - 12.3 in other publicly available documents relating to the activity.
- 13 The licensee must maintain a Complaint Log for all complaints received by the licensee in relation to the activity.
- 14 The licensee must ensure that the Complaint Log includes, for each complaint received by the licensee, the following information:
 - 14.1 the person to whom the complaint was made;
 - 14.2 the person responsible for managing the complaint;
 - 14.3 the date and time the complaint was reported;
 - 14.4 the date and time of the event(s) that led to the complaint;
 - 14.5 the contact details of the complainant if known, or where no details are provided a note to that effect;
 - 14.6 the nature of the complaint;
 - 14.7 the nature of event(s) giving rise to the complaint;
 - 14.8 prevailing weather conditions at the time (where relevant to the complaint);
 - 14.9 the action taken in relation to the complaint, including any follow-up contact with the complainant; and
 - 14.10 if no action was taken, why no action was taken.
- 15 The licensee must implement, maintain and follow an Emergency Response Plan that addresses procedures for responding to emergencies associated with the activity that may cause environmental harm.

EARLY SURRENDER OF LICENCE

- 16 Any reports, records or other information required or able to be provided by the licensee under this licence must be submitted to the NT EPA prior to the licensee surrendering the licence. If the date on which a report, record or other information is required falls after the date the licensee requests to surrender this licence, the licensee must provide the report, record or information as far as possible using data available to the licensee up to and including the date the request to surrender the licence is made.

OPERATIONAL

- 17 The licensee must not collect, transport, store, recycle, treat or dispose of listed waste other than the listed waste specified in Table 1.
- 18 The licensee must not dispose of listed waste on-site until prior approval is granted by the NT EPA.

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- 19 The licensee must ensure any plant and equipment used by the licensee in conducting the activity:
- 19.1 is reasonably fit for the purpose and use to which it is put;
 - 19.2 is maintained;
 - 19.3 is operated by a person trained to use the plant and equipment; and
 - 19.4 is operated by, or operated by a person accompanied by, a person trained to handle, store or dispose of listed waste in connection with the activity.
- 20 The licensee must ensure that wastewater generated from washing plant and equipment associated with the activity does not cause pollution.
- 21 The licensee must segregate waste generated at the premises in clearly designated areas for recycling, re-use or disposal.
- 22 The licensee must ensure that litter:
- 22.1 is contained within the boundary of the premises;
 - 22.2 is not deposited or allowed to accumulate in stormwater drain(s), water or leachate dam(s); and
 - 22.3 does not accumulate along the boundary of the premises.
- 23 The licensee must ensure that all materials that are likely to cause environmental harm are handled and stored in areas with a containment system in accordance with the relevant Australian Standard. Where no relevant Australian Standard exists, the containment system must be sized to contain 110% of the volume of the largest container within the area.
- 24 The licensee must ensure that all listed waste being transported from the premises is transported by a person licenced under section 30 of the WMPC Act to transport the listed waste.
- 25 The licensee must:
- 25.1 implement all reasonable and practicable measures to prevent erosion on the premises;
 - 25.2 implement all reasonable and practicable measures to prevent stormwater runoff becoming contaminated by the activities on the premises;
 - 25.3 treat contaminated or potentially contaminated stormwater as necessary to prevent pollution of waters.
- 26 The licensee must implement an appropriate monitoring system to detect and respond to any potential overflows, leaks or spills from the wastewater treatment system.
- 27 The licensee must ensure that wastewater overflows, leaks and spills do not occur from the wastewater treatment system.
- 28 The licensee must notify the NT EPA prior to making any operational change that will cause, or is likely to cause, an increase in the potential for environmental harm.

DISCHARGES AND EMISSIONS

- 29 The licensee must ensure there is no migration or overflow of a contaminant or waste, which causes or may cause environmental harm, beyond the boundary of the land on which the premises are located. (For the avoidance of doubt, this condition is not intended to authorise the discharge of a contaminant or waste to any land or water which discharge has not been specifically authorised by another condition of this licence.)

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- 30 The licensee must not allow a contaminant or waste, which causes or may cause environmental harm, to enter water.
- 31 The licensee must ensure that stormwater does not come into contact with a contaminant or waste, which causes or may cause environmental harm.

Emissions to air

- 32 The activity must not cause or release, beyond the boundary of the premises:
- 32.1 visible steam;
 - 32.2 smoke;
 - 32.3 offensive odour;
 - 32.4 dust or particulates; or
 - 32.5 noise which unreasonably interferes with or is likely to unreasonably interfere with the enjoyment of the area by persons who occupy a place within the area or are otherwise lawfully in the area.

Environmental Audit

- 33 The licensee must undertake, every two years, and as prescribed by the conditions of this licence, an environmental audit by a qualified person to evaluate the extent to which compliance has been achieved with:
- 33.1 this licence;
 - 33.2 the WMPC Act; and
 - 33.3 the *Water Act*.
- 34 The licensee must submit the proposed scope for the environmental audit no later than 20 business days prior to the proposed commencement date of the environmental audit (which must be specified when the proposed scope is submitted), to the NT EPA for review and approval.
- 35 The NT EPA may require the licensee to revise or amend and resubmit any proposed scope for an environmental audit. Where the NT EPA requires the environmental audit scope to be resubmitted, the licensee must submit it to the NT EPA by the date specified by the NT EPA.
- 36 The licensee must ensure that each environmental audit:
- 36.1 is not commenced until written approval of the environmental audit scope is received from the NT EPA; and
 - 36.2 is undertaken in accordance with the approved scope.
- 37 The licensee must ensure that, for each environmental audit undertaken by the licensee:
- 37.1 a written report is prepared and signed by the qualified person who conducted the audit;
 - 37.2 the written report is completed within 2 calendar months of the licensee's receipt of the NT EPA's approval of the environmental audit scope; and
 - 37.3 the written report is provided in full to the NT EPA within 5 business days of being signed by the qualified person.

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MONITORING

- 38 The licensee must implement, maintain and follow the monitoring plan ("the Monitoring Plan") contained within the Environmental Management Plan, from the commencement date of this licence.
- 39 The licensee must ensure that all samples and field environmental data are representative of the conditions at the time of sampling.
- 40 The licensee must ensure that all samples and field environmental data are collected in accordance with recognised Australian Standards and guidelines (such as AS/NZS 5667, ANZECC/ARMCANZ).
- 41 The licensee must ensure that all monitoring samples are analysed at a laboratory with current NATA accreditation or equivalent, for the parameters to be measured.
- 42 The licensee must ensure any samples collected in accordance with the Monitoring Plan or in connection with the activity or this licence, are obtained by, or under the supervision of a qualified sampler.
- For the purposes of this condition, the word "land" does not include water [or air] on or above land.
- 43 The licensee must for all land based monitoring points specified in the Monitoring Plan:
- 43.1 install and maintain appropriate identification signage so that they are reasonably identifiable at all times; and
- 43.2 maintain safe access and egress, as is reasonably practicable.
- 44 The licensee must ensure that, for each sample collected in accordance with the Monitoring Plan or the activity the following information must be recorded and retained:
- 44.1 the date on which the sample was collected;
- 44.2 the time at which the sample was collected;
- 44.3 the location at which the sample was collected;
- 44.4 the name of the person who collected the sample;
- 44.5 the chain of custody forms relating to the sample;
- 44.6 the field measurements (if any) and analytical results (if any) relating to the sample; and
- 44.7 laboratory quality assurance and quality control documentation.
- 45 The licensee must ensure that any proposed revisions to the Monitoring Plan (other than typographical changes or revisions to formatting or referencing) are:
- 45.1 reviewed by a suitably qualified person, who must produce a written report about their review;
- 45.2 submitted to the NT EPA with justification for revisions; and
- 45.3 submitted to the NT EPA, in both hard copy and electronic form (with a complete copy of the qualified person's written review), 10 business days prior to the proposed implementation date.

RECORDING AND REPORTING

- 46 The licensee must keep and maintain records relating to the activity undertaken and the listed waste handled by the licensee in each successive 12 month period following the commencement of this licence, which include:
- 46.1 the date of collection;

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- 46.2 the source of the listed waste;
 - 46.3 the name of the transport company, if not the licensee;
 - 46.4 the vehicle registration;
 - 46.5 a description of the listed waste;
 - 46.6 the quantity of the listed waste;
 - 46.7 the final destination of the listed waste; and
 - 46.8 whether the listed waste was stored, recycled, treated or disposed of.
- 47 The licensee must retain records relating to waste, including listed waste, as required by the conditions of this licence, for a period of 2 years after the end of the 12 month period to which the record relates.
- 48 The licensee must keep records of all non-compliances with this licence. These records must be adequate to enable the licensee to comply with the non-compliance notification conditions of this licence.
- 49 The licensee must notify the NT EPA of any non-compliance with this licence by completing the Non-Compliance Notification via NT EPA Online (or by emailing waste@nt.gov.au), as soon as practicable after (and in any case within 24 hours after) first becoming aware of the non-compliance.
- 50 The licensee must include in the notification of non-compliance the following information:
- 50.1 when the non-compliance was detected and by whom;
 - 50.2 the date and time of the non-compliance;
 - 50.3 the actual and potential causes and contributing factors to the non-compliance;
 - 50.4 the risk of environmental harm arising from the non-compliance;
 - 50.5 the action(s) that have or will be undertaken to mitigate any environmental harm arising from the non-compliance;
 - 50.6 corrective actions that have or will be undertaken to ensure the non-compliance does not reoccur;
 - 50.7 if no action was taken, why no action was taken; and
 - 50.8 an incident investigation report must be submitted to the NT EPA not more than 20 business days after the incident date.
- 51 The licensee must notify the NT EPA of any complaint received from the public relating to odour by emailing waste@nt.gov.au as soon as practicable after (and in any case within 24 hours after) receiving the complaint, for the first twelve months of operation.
- 52 The licensee must include in the notification of an odour complaint, the information required by condition 14.
- 53 The licensee must keep records of all exceedances of trigger values, where specified in the most current Monitoring Plan.
- 54 The licensee must submit a completed Annual Return via NT EPA Online within 10 business days after each anniversary date of this licence, which relates to the preceding 12 month period.
- 55 The licensee must complete and provide to the NT EPA a Monitoring Report, as prescribed by this licence, within 10 business days after each anniversary date of this licence.
- 56 The licensee must ensure that each Monitoring Report:

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- 56.1 is prepared in accordance with the requirements of the NT EPA 'Guideline for Reporting on Environmental Monitoring';
 - 56.2 includes a tabulation of all monitoring data required as a condition of this licence;
 - 56.3 includes long term trend analysis of monitoring data to demonstrate any environmental impact associated with the activity over a minimum period of three years (where the data is available);
 - 56.4 includes any Field Ambient Odour Assessment Surveys (FAOA) undertaken during the reporting period; and
 - 56.5 includes an assessment of environmental impact from the activity.
- 57 The NT EPA may require the licensee to revise or amend and resubmit any Monitoring Report. Where the NT EPA requires the Monitoring Report to be resubmitted, the licensee must submit it to the NT EPA by the date specified by the NT EPA.

PERFORMANCE IMPROVEMENT

- 58 The licensee must complete and provide to the NT EPA an updated Conceptual Site Model, by the first-anniversary date of this licence.
- 59 The Conceptual Site Model must be reviewed and updated with regard to information and data obtained during the first year of this licence.
- 60 The licensee must complete and provide to the NT EPA an Irrigation Management Plan at least two calendar months prior to the proposed irrigation commencement date.
- 61 The Irrigation Management Plan must:
- 61.1 clearly describe the area proposed for irrigation including results of related soil and land suitability assessments;
 - 61.2 include erosion risk assessment and soil conservation measures for areas with erosion potential;
 - 61.3 identify the design and technical specifications of irrigation infrastructure;
 - 61.4 include a site water balance and nutrient balance for the proposed irrigation scheme;
 - 61.5 include procedures to monitor treated effluent quality against release limits for the intended irrigation use; and
 - 61.6 include operational and management options for planned and unplanned events that may increase the risk of environmental harm.
- 62 The licensee is to revise and resubmit the Monitoring Plan at least 10 days prior to onsite irrigation commencing. The revised Monitoring Plan must:
- 62.1 include guideline trigger values derived in accordance with ANZECC 2000 Guidelines; and
 - 62.2 ensure monitoring locations are suitable for addressing environmental risk from the licensed activities.
- 63 Where the licensee receives 6 or more separate odour complaints within any given 6 month period, the licensee must implement an odour monitoring program.
- 64 An odour monitoring program must be carried out for a minimum of 12 months, with at least three separate monitoring events undertaken every 4 months when licensed activities are occurring.

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- 65 The odour monitoring program must be designed to level 3 odour impact assessment as outlined in the NSW EPA Technical Framework: Assessment and Management of Odour from Station Sources in NSW (Nov 2006).
- 66 Odour monitoring must continue to be undertaken every 4 months where the odour units detected at Batchelor exceed the modelled 3 odour units.
- 67 Odour monitoring must be undertaken by a qualified sampler with samples analysed by a qualified laboratory.
- 68 The licensee must include results of any odour monitoring in the annual monitoring report for this licence.

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END OF LICENCE CONDITIONS

This licence is not valid unless signed below:



Leonie Cooper
Director Environment Authorisations
Delegate of the Northern Territory
Environment Protection Authority
Dated: 15/11/2019

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DEFINITIONS

All terms in the Licence which are defined in the *Waste Management and Pollution Control Act* have the meaning given in that Act unless otherwise or further defined in this section.

DEFINITION	In this licence, unless a contrary intention appears:
24 hour emergency contact	the phone number of a person who can be contacted at any time and be capable of responding to and providing information about any incident associated with the activity.
Activity	the Scheduled activity as described on the covering page of this licence.
Air	includes any layer of the atmosphere.
Annual fee	yearly fee payable in respect of the activity as specified in the WMPC Act and the Regulations.
Annual Return	an NT EPA prescribed format for demonstrating and reporting compliance with the conditions of this licence and providing information on waste volumes for the preceding 12 month period.
ANZECC/ARMCANZ	Australian and New Zealand Environment and Conservation Council and Agriculture and Resource Management Council of Australia and New Zealand, 2000: National Water Quality Management Strategy: Australian Guidelines for Water Quality Monitoring and Reporting.
Business days	a day not Saturday, Sunday or a public holiday, in the Northern Territory.
Community feedback number	a telephone number enabling members of the public to contact, at any time, a person or voice mail system that can accept, on behalf of the licensee, enquiries or complaints about the activity, and to which the licensee must respond.
Complaint Log	a register of complaints to be maintained by the Licensee that records the details of each complaint received in relation to the activity.
Consultation and Communication Plan	a written plan documenting proposed consultation and communications for the activity before, during and after the activity which includes a strategy for communicating with members of the public who are likely to have a real interest in, or be affected by, the activity.
Contact details	includes the 24 hour emergency contact, and name, position title and phone number of a representative of the licensee who can be contacted about the licence and activity.
Contaminant	a solid, liquid or gas or any combination of such substances and includes: (a) noise, odour, heat and electromagnetic radiation; (b) a prescribed substance or prescribed class of substances; and (c) a substance having a prescribed property or prescribed class of properties.
Discharges	allow a liquid, gas or other substance to flow out from where it has been confined.
Emergency Response Plan	a written plan documenting the licensee's procedures for responding to emergencies caused by, resulting from or associated with the activity and that may cause environmental harm.
Environmental audit	has the meaning given in section 47 of the WMPC Act.

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Environmental harm	(a) any harm to or adverse effect on the environment; or (b) any potential harm (including the risk of harm and future harm) to or potential adverse effect on the environment, of any degree or duration and includes environmental nuisance.
Environmental nuisance	means: (a) an adverse effect on the amenity of an area that: (i) is caused by noise, smoke, dust, fumes or odour; and (ii) unreasonably interferes with or is likely to unreasonably interfere with the enjoyment of the area by persons who occupy a place within the area or are otherwise lawfully in the area; or (b) an unsightly or offensive condition caused by contaminants or waste.
Incident	includes: (a) an accident, emergency or malfunction; and (b) a deliberate action, whether or not that action was taken by the person conducting the activity in the course of which the incident occurred.
Land	includes water and air on, above or under land.
Leachate	any liquid produced by the action of water percolating through waste, and that contains contaminants.
Listed waste	a waste included under Schedule 2 of the Regulations.
Litter	litter, garbage, rubbish, refuse or waste matter, and includes the body of a dead animal.
Maintain	kept in a manner that it does not present or cause a risk of environmental harm or a hazard to persons or property or, for the purposes of documents including plans, a process of reviewing and amending documentation to ensure it is relevant.
Material environmental harm	environmental harm that: (a) is not trivial or negligible in nature; (b) consists of an environmental nuisance of a high impact or on a wide scale; (c) results, or is likely to result, in not more than \$50,000 or the prescribed amount (whichever is greater) being spent in taking appropriate action to prevent or minimise the environmental harm or rehabilitate the environment; or (d) results in actual or potential loss or damage to the value of not more than \$50,000 or the prescribed amount (whichever is greater).
NATA	National Association of Testing Authorities, Australia.
Non-compliance	failure or refusal to comply, whether by act or omission, with obligations or requirements and includes any exceedance of a licence limit.
Non-compliance notification	an NT EPA prescribed format for notifying the NT EPA of a non-compliance.
NT EPA Online	online system for Environment Protection Licence (EPL), Environment Protection Approval (EPA) and Waste Discharge Licence (WDL) lodgement and maintenance.
NT EPA Online Vehicle Register	the vehicle register found at NT EPA Online.
Plant and equipment	all material items used in association with the activity, including (but not limited to) storage vessels and containers, pipe work and hosing, vehicles (including vessels), tools, and measuring equipment.

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Point source discharge	means any discernible, confined or discrete conveyance from which contaminants or waste are or may be discharged.
Pollute	(a) emit, discharge, deposit, or disturb, directly or indirectly, a contaminant or waste; or (b) cause, permit, or fail to prevent, directly or indirectly, the emission, discharge, deposition, disturbance or escape of a contaminant or waste.
Pollution	(a) a contaminant or waste that is emitted, discharged, deposited or disturbed or that escapes; or (b) a contaminant or waste, effect or phenomenon, that is present in the environment as a consequence of an emission, discharge, deposition, escape or disturbance or a contaminant or waste.
Premises	the premises identified in this licence which includes equipment, plant and structures, whether stationary or portable, and the land on which premises are situated.
Public entrance	access to the premises that is utilised by the public.
Putrescible waste	the component of the waste stream liable to become putrid. For example, organic matter that has the potential to decompose with the formation of malodorous substances, usually refers to vegetative, food and animal products.
Qualified person	a person registered under Section 68 of the WMPC Act.
Qualified sampler	a person who has training and experience in obtaining samples from the relevant environmental medium.
Regulations	<i>Waste Management and Pollution Control (Administration) Regulations.</i>
Serious environmental harm	environmental harm that is more serious than material environmental harm and includes environmental harm that: (a) is irreversible or otherwise of a high impact or on a wide scale; (b) damages an aspect of the environment that is of a high conservation value, high cultural value or high community value or is of special significance; (c) results or is likely to result in more than \$50,000 or the prescribed amount (whichever is greater) being spent in taking appropriate action to prevent or minimise the environmental harm or rehabilitate the environment; or (d) results in actual or potential loss or damage to the value of more than \$50,000 or the prescribed amount (whichever is greater).
Solid inert waste	solid waste that has no active chemical or biological properties. These wastes do not undergo environmentally significant physical, chemical or biological transformation.
Stormwater	water flowing over ground surfaces, in natural streams and drains as a direct result of rainfall over a catchment and consists primarily of rainfall runoff.
Trigger values	assigned value for each indicator used to assess the risk to an environmental value, a value that initiates some type of pre-defined management action.
Waste	(a) a solid, a liquid or a gas; or (b) a mixture of such substances, that is or are left over, surplus or an unwanted by-product from any activity (whether or not the substance is of value) and includes a prescribed substance or class of substances.
Wastewater	water that contains a contaminant or waste.

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Water	includes: (a) surface water, ground water and tidal waters; (b) coastal waters of the Territory, within the meaning of the <i>Coastal Waters (Northern Territory Powers) Act 1980</i> of the Commonwealth; and (c) water containing an impurity.
WMPC Act	the Northern Territory <i>Waste Management and Pollution Control Act</i> .
Qualified laboratory	A laboratory which is equipped and experienced to undertake odour sample analysis and assessment.