



# Lei Deposit

## Haulage Route Assessment

Lithium Plus Minerals Ltd

09 September 2024

→ The Power of Commitment



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# 1. Introduction

## 1.1 Project background

Lithium Plus Minerals Ltd has engaged GHD to undertake a Haulage Route Assessment for the proposed Lei Deposit Project (the Project). Lithium Plus Minerals proposes to mine spodumene, a mineral which can be processed to produce lithium from the Lei Deposit located approximately 90 km south of Darwin. This beneficiated product will then be transported via quad road train to the East Arm Wharf (Darwin Port) facility for export.

## 1.2 Purpose of this report

The purpose of this report is to undertake a Haulage Route Assessment to determine the most appropriate haulage route between the Project site and the East Arm Wharf facility in Darwin Port by assessing four potential route options as well as potential traffic impacts.

## 1.3 Scope and limitations

*This report: has been prepared by GHD for Lithium Plus Minerals Ltd and may only be used and relied on by Lithium Plus Minerals Ltd for the purpose agreed between GHD and Lithium Plus Minerals Ltd as set out in section 1.2 of this report.*

*GHD otherwise disclaims responsibility to any person other than Lithium Plus Minerals Ltd arising in connection with this report. GHD also excludes implied warranties and conditions, to the extent legally permissible.*

*The services undertaken by GHD in connection with preparing this report were limited to those specifically detailed in the report and are subject to the scope limitations set out in the report.*

*The opinions, conclusions and any recommendations in this report are based on conditions encountered and information reviewed at the date of preparation of the report. GHD has no responsibility or obligation to update this report to account for events or changes occurring subsequent to the date that the report was prepared.*

*The opinions, conclusions and any recommendations in this report are based on assumptions made by GHD described in this report (refer section(s) 1.4 of this report). GHD disclaims liability arising from any of the assumptions being incorrect.*

### **Accessibility of documents**

*If this report is required to be accessible in any other format, this can be provided by GHD upon request and at an additional cost if necessary.*

## 1.4 Assumptions

Any assumptions that have been made during the course of this assessment have been mentioned within the relevant sections of the report including key assumptions shown below:

- Background traffic volume assumptions outlined in Section 3.3 along with the latest traffic volumes obtained from Northern Territory Government's *Annual Traffic Report 2023* were used to estimate the percentage of development traffic.
- Data relating to but not limited to the site location, construction details and operational details of the site have been provided by Lithium Plus

# 2. Project overview

## 2.1 Site location

The proposed underground mine is located in Charlotte, Northern Territory, with access to mine to be directly off Fog Bay Road, near its intersection with Cox Peninsula Road as seen in Figure 1.

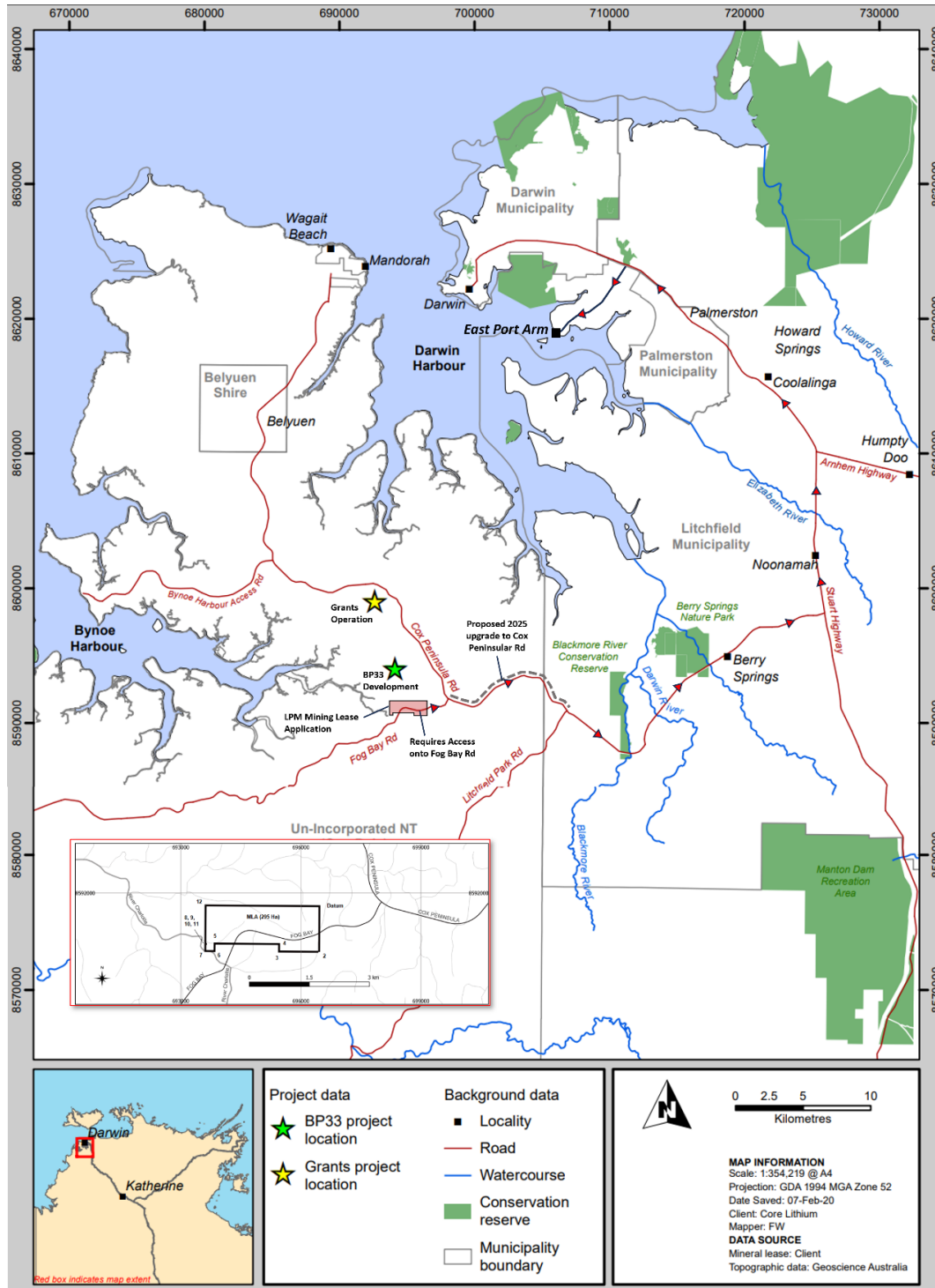


Figure 1 Site locality plan

Image source: Lithium Plus Minerals, extracted July 2024

## 2.2 Spodumene transport task

Lithium Plus Minerals proposes to ship spodumene as a Direct Shipping Ore (DSO) product from Darwin Port to customers in China. The Lei Deposit contains an estimated 3.10 million tonnes of high grade spodumene. The transfer of the DSO to East Arm is planned to commence in the first quarter 2027, peaking at a haulage rate of 600,000 tonnes in 2029 and concluding in the third quarter of 2032. Table 1 outlines the proposed DSO haulage schedule.

Table 1 Proposed DSO haulage schedule

Year	2027	2028	2029	2030	2031	2032	Total
	Operational Phase						
Ore Hauled (t)	475,913	510,000	600,000	600,000	600,000	300,000	3.10M

On the assumption that the ore haulage will be undertaken by quad road trains with a notional carrying capacity of 95 tonnes per vehicle combination and a round-trip duration of approximately 3 hours to East Arm, the following trip generation per 12-hour day / 7 days per week will result for the DSO haulage operation. Table 2 outlines the proposed DSO haulage truck movements.

Table 2 Proposed DSO haulage truck movements

Year	2027	2028	2029	2030	2031	2032
Daily No of trips	15	15	18	18	18	9
Truck Fleet	4	4	5	5	5	3
Average Truck Movements per Hr	1.2	1.2	1.5	1.5	1.5	0.8

## 2.3 East Arm Wharf facility

The East Arm Wharf facility will be utilised to export the DSO. The East Arm Wharf is operated by Darwin Port Operations Pty Ltd (part of the Landbridge Group). It is located on the Darwin harbour approximately 6km south-east of Darwin CBD and 31km north-east of the proposed Lithium Plus Minerals mine. Key features of the East Arm Wharf facility include the following:

- The wharf is accessible for quad road trains.
- The wharf operates 24 hours a day.

## 3. Haulage route options

An evaluation of four different haulage route options between the Project site and East Arm Wharf was undertaken to determine the most appropriate and efficient haulage route for the transportation of the DSO material.

The process for identify the most appropriate and efficient haulage route is described as follows:

- Determine the minimum haulage route performance parameters.
- Identify potential haulage route options based on the performance parameters.
- Determine route options selection criteria to further aid in selection of preferred route.
- Undertake a Multi Criteria Analysis (MCA) of the four haulage route options to facilitate selection of the preferred route.

These processes are further detailed below as follows.

### 3.1 Minimum haulage route performance parameters

Selected haulage routes should meet the following parameters outlined below as a minimum standard:

- Routes should be capable in accommodating the movement of quad road trains.
- Route should be direct as possible with a return travel time no greater than 3 hours.
- Route must be safe in accommodating the movement of quad road trains.

### 3.2 Haulage route identification

Based on the parameters outlined above in Section 3.1, four potential haulage route options have been identified. The four routes are as follows:

- Route 1: Stuart Highway – Berrimah Road
- Route 2: Stuart Highway – Wishart Road – Berrimah Road
- Route 3: Jenkins Road – Berrimah Road
- Route 4: Finn Road - Berrimah Road

Haulage route maps and key characteristics for each of these haulage routes are further described in the sections below.

#### 3.2.1 Route 1: Stuart Highway – Berrimah Road

The key characteristics of Route 1 are outlined below:

- Route via Fog Bay Road, Cox Peninsula Road, Stuart Highway, Tiger Brennan Drive, Berrimah Road and East Arm Wharf. This is outlined in Figure 2.
- Distance: Approximately 79.2 km
- There are three (3) turning movements located outside of the port at the following intersections:
  - Fog Bay Road and Cox Peninsula Road
  - Stuart Highway and Cox Peninsula Road
  - Berrimah Road and Tiger Brennan Drive intersection overpass
- Table 3 illustrates the direction of the turning movements and intersection configuration.
- As of 18 June 2024, an overpass has been constructed and is in use at the Berrimah Road and Tiger Brennan Drive intersection. This can also be seen in Table 3.
- The route is an established road train route.
- The route crosses one at grade rail crossings.



- Major intersections along the route (including Jenkins Road, Arnhem Highway, Berrimah Road, Tiger Brennan Drive) are signalised or grade separated.
- Stuart Highway is a four-lane divided carriageway, allowing for safe overtaking and passing of road trains. This configuration ensures smoother traffic flow and enhances safety for other road users.

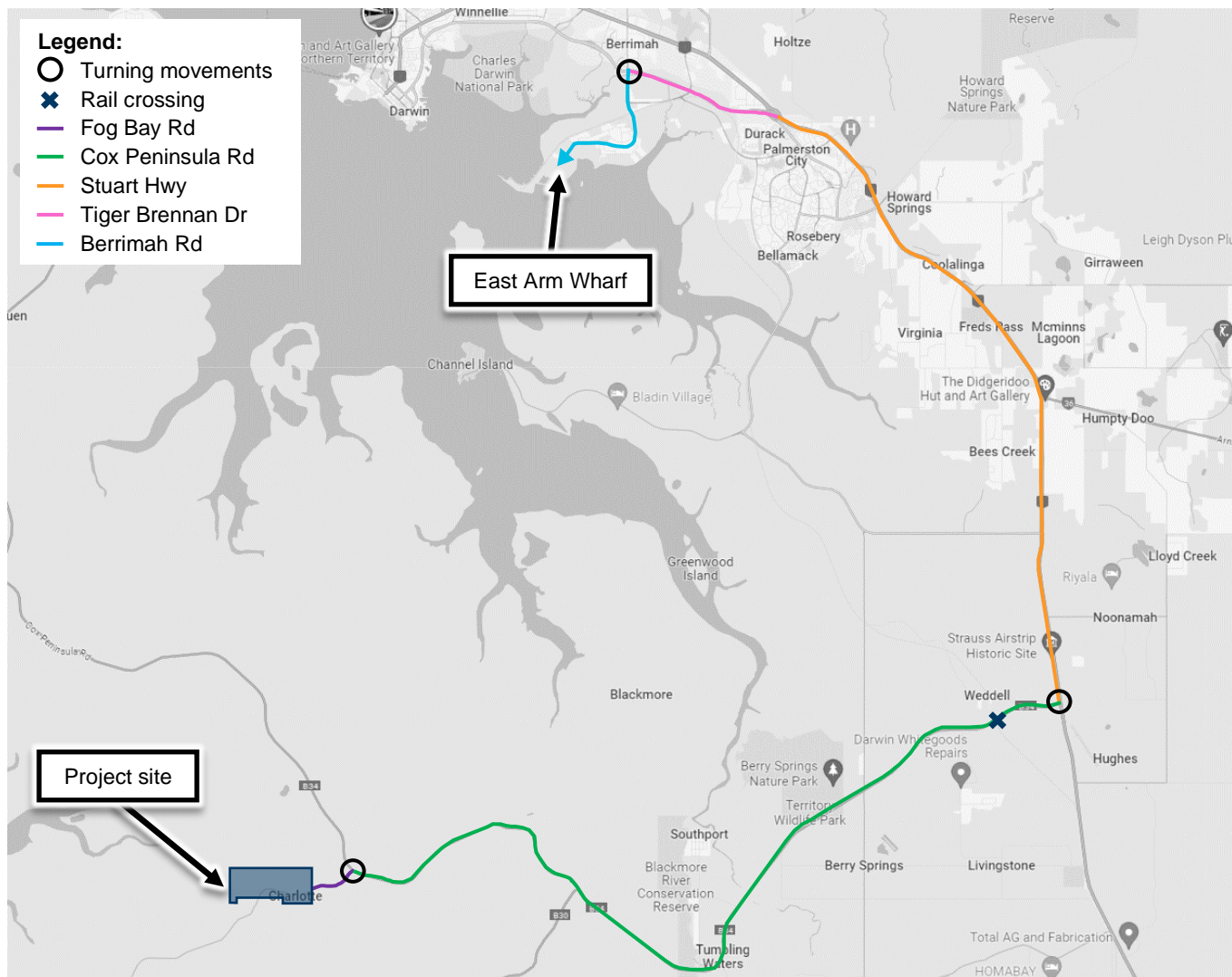

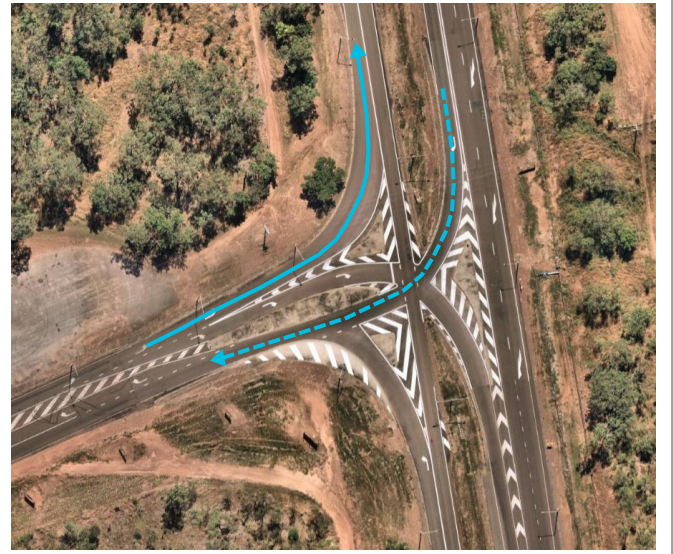



Figure 2 Haulage Route 1

Image source: Google Images, extracted July 2024

Table 3 Route 1 turning movements

Fog Bay Road and Cox Peninsula Road	Stuart Highway and Cox Peninsula Road
	
<p><b>Berrimah Road and Tiger Brennan Drive intersection overpass</b></p>	
	

Note: Solid blue line – loaded direction, dashed blue line – unloaded direction

## 3.2.2 Route 2: Stuart Highway – Wishart Road – Berrimah Road

The key characteristics of Route 2 are outlined below:

- Route via Fog Bay Road, Cox Peninsula Road, Stuart Highway, Tiger Brennan Drive, Wishart Road, Berrimah Road and East Arm Wharf. This is outlined in Figure 3.
- Route is similar to that of Route 1, it utilises Wishard Road instead of the Berrimah Road/Tiger Brennan Drive intersection.
- Distance: Approximately 77.9 km
- There are four (4) turning movements located outside of the port at the following intersections:
  - Fog Bay Road and Cox Peninsula Road
  - Stuart Highway and Cox Peninsula Road
  - Tiger Brennan Drive and Wishart Road
  - Wishart Road and Berrimah Road
- Table 4 illustrates the direction of the turning movements and intersection configuration.
- The Wishart Road / Berrimah Road intersection is signalised.
- The route is an established road train route.
- The route crosses one at grade rail crossings.
- Wishart Road runs alongside several commercial industries, resulting in multiple access points and exits along the corridor. This increases the likelihood of vehicle conflicts and accidents.



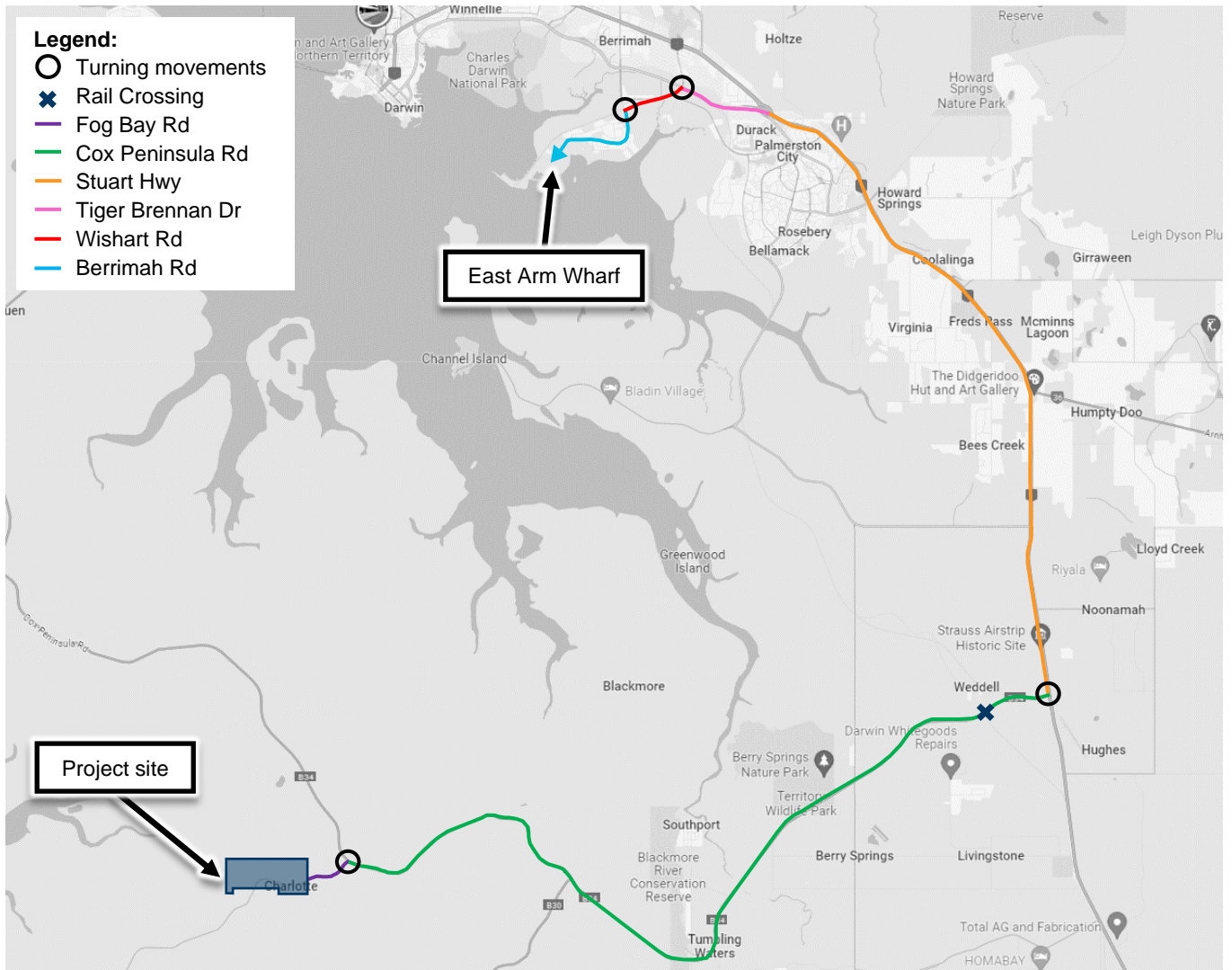




Figure 3 Haulage Route 2

Image source: Google Images, extracted July 2024

Table 4 Route 2 turning movements

<b>Fog Bay Road and Cox Peninsula Road</b>	<b>Stuart Highway and Cox Peninsula Road</b>
Refer to Table 3	Refer to Table 3
<b>Tiger Brennan Drive and Wishart Road</b>	<b>Wishart Road and Berrimah Road</b>
	

Note: Solid blue line – loaded direction, dashed blue line – unloaded direction

### 3.2.3 Route 3: Jenkins Road – Berrimah Road

The key characteristics of Route 3 are outlined below:

- Route via Fog Bay Road, Cox Peninsula Road, Stuart Highway, Jenkins Road, Channel Island Road, Elrundie Avenue, Kirkland Road, Wishart Road, Berrimah Road and East Arm Wharf. This is outlined in Figure 4.
- Distance: Approximately 81.9 km
- There are seven (7) turning movements located outside of the port at the following intersections:
  - Fog Bay Road and Cox Peninsula Road
  - Stuart Highway and Cox Peninsula Road
  - Stuart Highway and Jenkins Road
  - Jenkins Road and Channel Island Road
  - Elrundie Avenue and Kirkland Road
  - Kirkland Road and Wishart Road
  - Wishart Road and Berrimah Road
- Table 5 illustrates the direction of the turning movements and intersection configuration.
- The route is an established road train route.
- The route crosses five at grade rail crossings.
- The route runs along residential access on Elrundie Avenue and commercial access on Wishart Road.

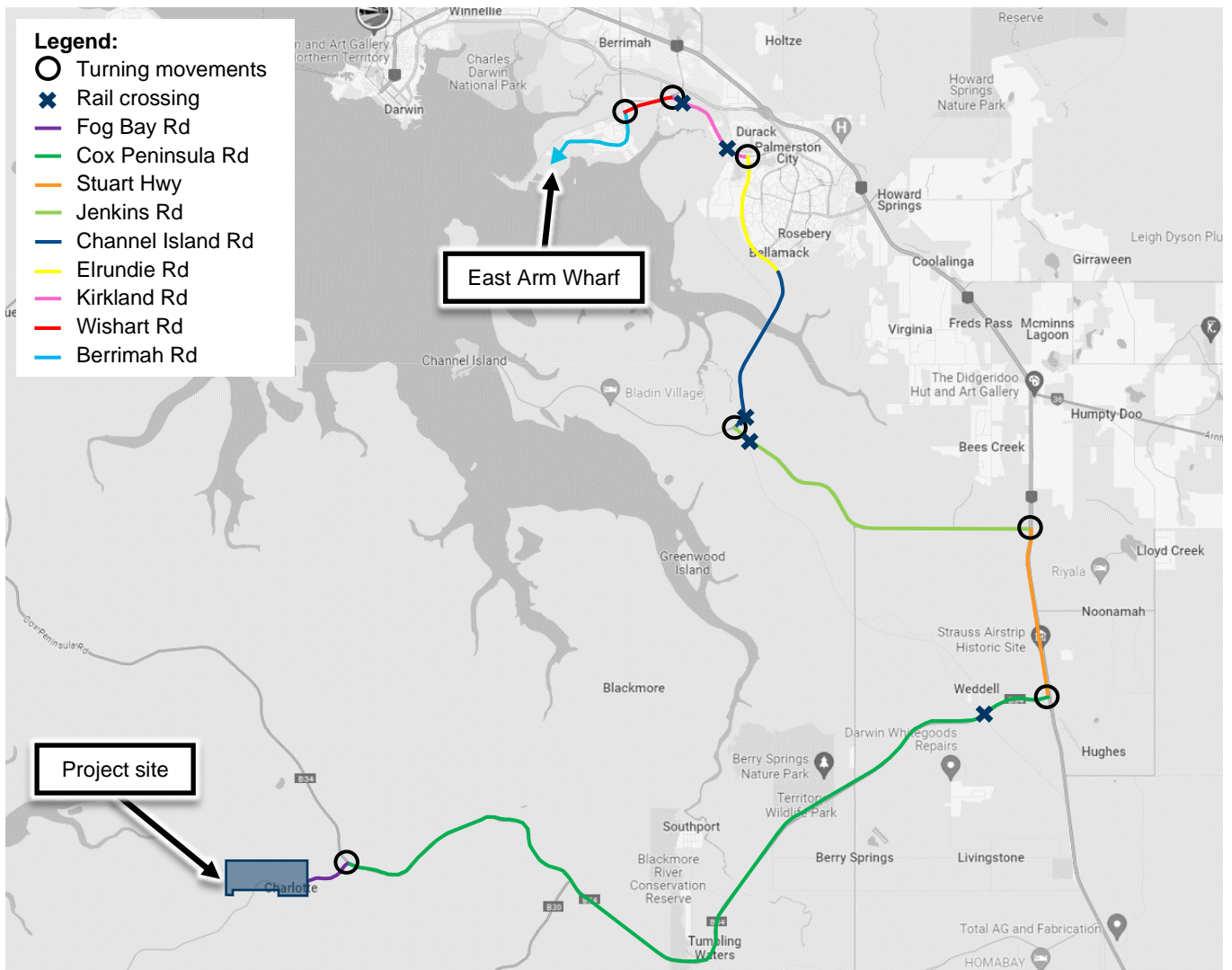
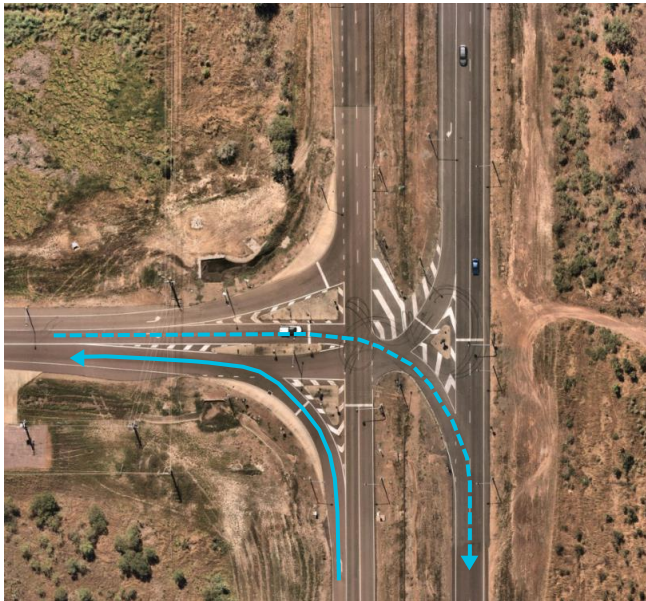





Figure 4 Haulage Route 3

Image source: Google Images, extracted July 2024



Table 5 Route 3 turning movements

<p><b>Fog Bay Road and Cox Peninsula Road</b></p>	<p><b>Stuart Highway and Cox Peninsula Road</b></p>
<p>Refer to Table 3</p>	<p>Refer to Table 3</p>
<p><b>Stuart Highway and Jenkins Road</b></p>	<p><b>Jenkins Road and Channel Island Road</b></p>
	
<p><b>Elrundie Avenue and Kirkland Road</b></p>	<p><b>Kirkland Road and Wishart Road</b></p>
	
<p><b>Wishart Road and Berrimah Road</b></p>	
<p>Refer to Table 4</p>	

Note: Solid blue line – loaded direction, dashed blue line – unloaded direction

### 3.2.4 Route 4: Finn Road - Berrimah Road

The key characteristics of Route 4 are outlined below:

- Route via Fog Bay Road, Cox Peninsula Road, Finn Road, Jenkins Road, Channel Island Road, Elrundie Avenue, Kirkland Road, Wishart Road, Berrimah Road and East Arm Wharf. This is outlined in Figure 5.
- Route is similar to that of Route 3, it utilises Finn Road.
- Distance: Approximately 69.6 km
- There are seven (7) turning movements located outside of the port at the following intersections:
  - Fog Bay Road and Cox Peninsula Road
  - Cox Peninsula Road and Finn Road
  - Finn Road and Jenkins Road
  - Jenkins Road and Channel Island Road
  - Elrundie Avenue and Kirkland Road
  - Kirkland Road and Wishart Road
  - Wishart Road and Berrimah Road
- Table 6 illustrates the direction of the turning movements and intersection configuration.
- The route is not established road train route and cannot cater for road train movements on Finn Road. Significant upgrade on Finn Road will be required to cater for road trains.
- The route crosses five at grade rail crossings.
- Like Route 3, this route also runs along residential access on Elrundie Avenue and commercial access on Wishart Road.



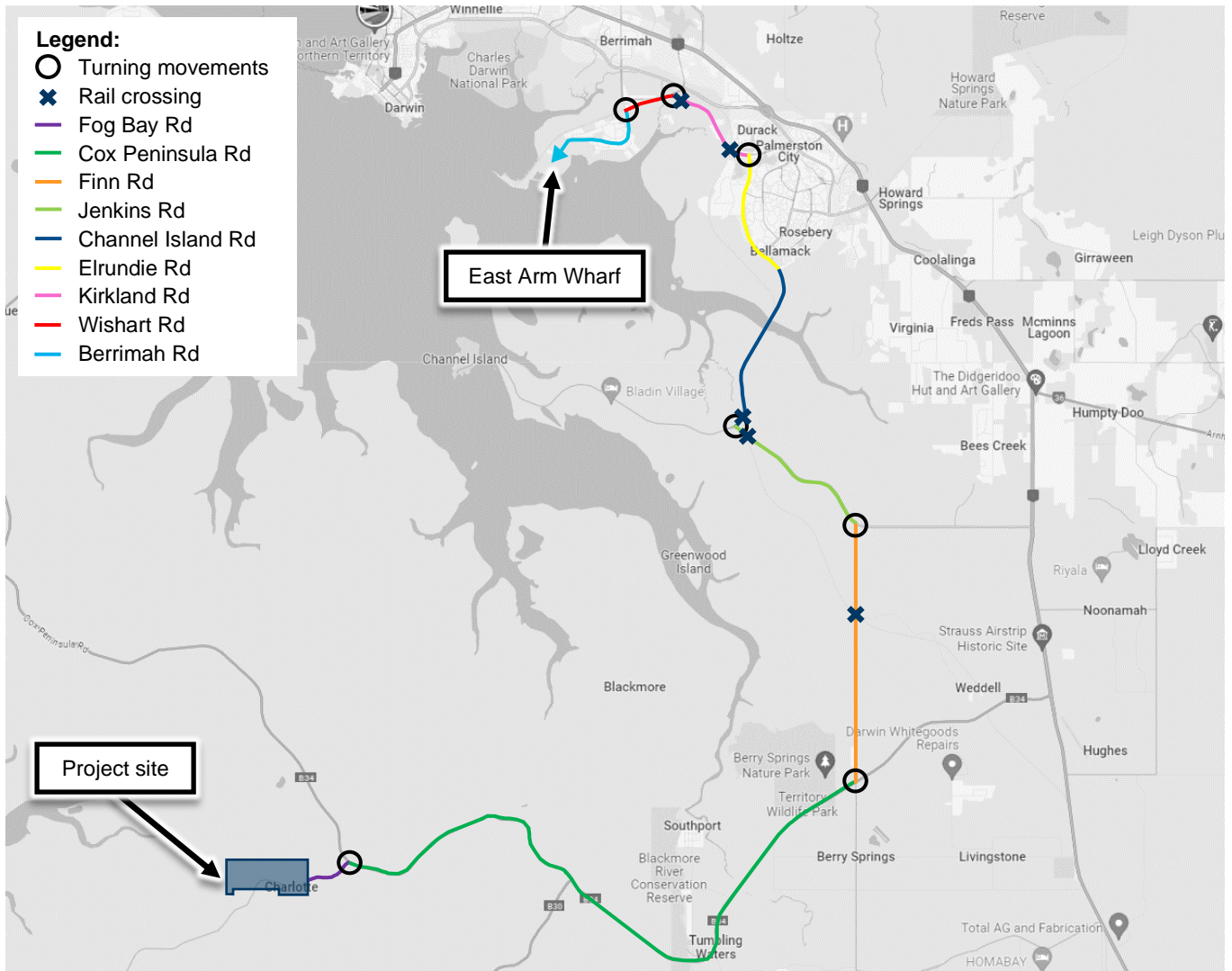

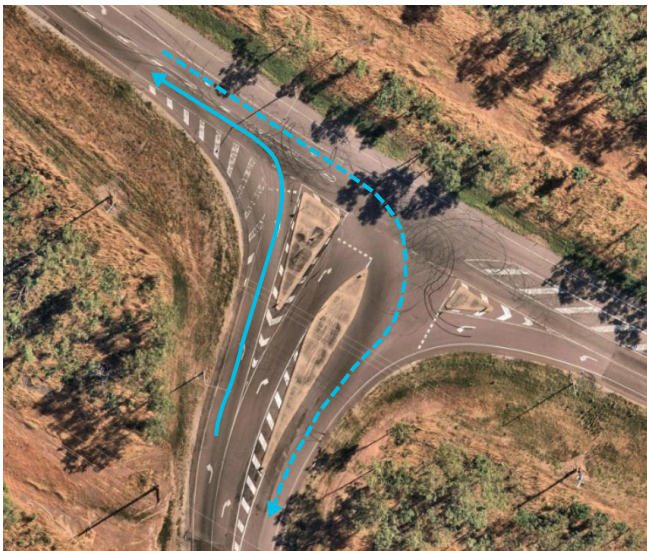


Figure 5 Haulage Route 4

Image source: Google Images, extracted July 2024

Table 6 Route 4 turning movements

<p><b>Fog Bay Road and Cox Peninsula Road</b></p>	<p><b>Cox Peninsula Road and Finn Road</b></p>
<p>Refer to Table 3</p>	
<p><b>Finn Road and Jenkins Road</b></p>	<p><b>Jenkins Road and Channel Island Road</b></p>
	<p>Refer to Table 5</p>
<p><b>Elrundie Avenue and Kirkland Road</b></p>	<p><b>Kirkland Road and Wishart Road</b></p>
<p>Refer to Table 5</p>	<p>Refer to Table 5</p>
<p><b>Wishart Road and Berrimah Road</b></p>	
<p>Refer to Table 4</p>	

Note: Solid blue line – loaded direction, dashed blue line – unloaded direction

### 3.3 Potential traffic impacts

Further detailed analysis of the potential traffic impact on the preferred route will be analysed in a subsequent body of work and be delivered as another report.

In order to understand the existing and future traffic volumes, the latest traffic volumes were obtained from Northern Territory Government's *Annual Traffic Report 2023*. This report provides the average annual daily traffic for a ten-year period (from 01 January 2014 until 31 December 2023).

The following assumptions listed below are based off annual traffic growth in the Northern Territory Government Traffic Report and were applied to the 2023 traffic counts to estimate the future daily traffic volumes:

- Annual growth rate of 3%
- Peak hour traffic volume as 15%
- Proportion of heavy vehicles as 20%

As a first assessment, potential traffic impacts were calculated for 2029 during the peak haulage period with an annual haulage rate of 600,000 tonnes which equates to 1.5 trips per hour as shown in Table 2. This estimated development traffic was compared to the baseline traffic data to assess the relative increase in traffic. Detailed calculations of future traffic volumes and the percentage of development traffic are included in Appendix A.

A threshold of 5% increase on the background traffic and/or background heavy vehicle traffic was adopted, as the measure by which increase in traffic volume triggers a “material impact” and warrants further analysis. This analysis was conducted relative to total traffic movements and heavy vehicle movements. A summary of this analysis is given in Table 7 below:

**Table 7** Percentage of development traffic in 2029 (all vehicles and heavy vehicles)

Count Station	Vehicle Type	Percentage of Development Traffic (2029)
Berrimah Road (UDVDP029)	All vehicles	0.55%
	Heavy vehicles	2.88%
Berrimah Road 400 m South of Tiger Brennan Drive (UDVDP028)	All vehicles	0.12%
	Heavy vehicles	0.52%
Berrimah Road 100 m South Marlow Road (UDVDC024)	All vehicles	0.10%
	Heavy vehicles	0.52%
Tiger Brennan Dr (UDVDP022)	All vehicles	0.04%
	Heavy vehicles	0.21%
Stuart Highway Midway Yarrowonga & Tulagi Rd (UDVDC079)	All vehicles	0.03%
	Heavy vehicles	0.15%
Stuart Highway 500 m West of Howard Springs Rd (UDVDP017)	All vehicles	0.03%
	Heavy vehicles	0.15%
Stuart Highway 100 m North of Henning Rd (UDVDC021)	All vehicles	0.04%
	Heavy vehicles	0.24%
Stuart Highway 500 m North of Arnhem Hwy (UDVDP020)	All vehicles	0.07%
	Heavy vehicles	0.32%
Stuart Highway 500 m North of Gulnare (RDVDC051)	All vehicles	0.12%
	Heavy vehicles	0.60%

Count Station	Vehicle Type	Percentage of Development Traffic (2029)
Stuart Highway 500 m North of Cox Peninsula Rd (RDVDC049)	All vehicles	0.11%
	Heavy vehicles	0.54%
Cox Peninsula Road 4 km West of Stuart Hwy (RDVDP009)	All vehicles	0.32%
	Heavy vehicles	0.82%
Cox Peninsula Road at Blackmore River Bridge (RDVDC030)	All vehicles	0.61%
	Heavy vehicles	3.00%
Cox Peninsula Road at Pioneer Creek Bridge (RDVDP010)	All vehicles	0.82%
	Heavy vehicles	4.55%
Fog Bay Road 2 Km West of Cox Peninsula Road (RDVDP032)	All vehicles	1.60%
	Heavy vehicles	<b>7.50%</b>

Based on the above, Fog Bay Road exceeds the 5% threshold for heavy vehicles and will require further additional assessment in terms of traffic and pavement impact during the haulage operation as per the Development Guidelines for Northern Territory Controlled Roads.

# 4. Multi-criteria analysis

## 4.1 Framework

A multi-criteria analysis (MCA) has been undertaken on all the routes listed above in Section 3.2 of this report to determine the preferred heavy vehicle haulage route between the Project site and the East Arm Wharf facility.

The key characteristics of each route option were documented and given a rating out of 5 (with 1 representing poor condition and 5 representing very good condition) based on the following criteria:

- Road suitability
- Stakeholder benefits and impacts
- Value for money
- Technical risk and opportunity
- Other

Each of these criteria are further broken down into sub criteria and are assigned a weighting based upon relative importance and are listed below in Table 8. A full breakdown of each sub criteria is provided in Appendix B which outlines the different requirements defining a rating of five and a rating of one.

Table 8 MCA criteria weighting

Criteria	Sub criteria	Weighting
<b>Road suitability (30%)</b>	Road train approved	30%
	Geometry (seal width)	10%
	Geometry (seal width)	10%
	Length	10%
	Intersections and rail crossings	10%
	Congestion	10%
	Time	10%
	Planned upgrade impacts	10%
	<b>Total sub criteria weighting</b>	<b>100%</b>
<b>Stakeholder benefits and impacts (20%)</b>	Operational safety	40%
	Local traffic impacts/delay	20%
	Compliments local network function	20%
	Impacts on local businesses	20%
	<b>Total sub criteria weighting</b>	<b>100%</b>
<b>Value for money (20%)</b>	Capital Costs	60%
	Lifecycle Costs	40%
	<b>Total sub criteria weighting</b>	<b>100%</b>
<b>Technical risk and opportunity (15%)</b>	Bridges and Culverts	25%
	Floodway	25%
	Pavements	25%
	Traffic	25%
	<b>Total sub criteria weighting</b>	<b>100%</b>
<b>Other (15%)</b>	Vegetation	30%
	Land use	40%

Criteria	Sub criteria	Weighting
	Drainage	30%
	<b>Total sub criteria weighting</b>	<b>100%</b>

## 4.2 Assessment

The MCA is provided in Appendix B and a summary of the weighted scores and ranking for each route option are shown below in Table 9. From the MCA analysis, the preferred haulage route is route 1.

*Table 9 Ranking of route options*

Criteria	Route 1	Route 2	Route 3	Route 4
Road suitability (30%)	4.3	4.4	3.9	3.1
Stakeholder benefits and impacts (20%)	3.4	2.8	2.6	2.6
Value for money (20%)	5	5	4	2
Technical risk and opportunity (15%)	4.75	4.5	3.25	3
Other (15%)	4.3	3.9	3.5	3.5
<b>Overall weighted score</b>	<b>4.3</b>	<b>4.1</b>	<b>3.5</b>	<b>2.8</b>
<b>RANK</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>4</b>

## 5. Summary and recommendations

Lithium Plus Minerals proposes to ship 3.10 million tonnes of spodumene as a Direct Shipping Ore (DSO) product. The proposed mine is located 2km south of Core Lithium's BP33 Underground mine with access to mine to be directly off Fog Bay Road, near its intersection with Cox Peninsula Road. The transfer of DSO to East Arm through the use of quad road trains is to commence in the first quarter of 2027 and to conclude in the third quarter of 2032. Over this time, the haulage operation will operate 12-hour days/7 days per week.

A multi-criteria analysis (MCA) has been undertaken for four different haulage routes to identify the most appropriate route.

The four routes are referred to as:

- Route 1: Stuart Highway – Berrimah Road
- Route 2: Stuart Highway – Wishart Road – Berrimah Road
- Route 3: Jenkins Road – Berrimah Road
- Route 4: Finn Road - Berrimah Road

Assessment criteria for the MCA were derived and weighted by importance as a mean to compare and rank the different routes.

The assessment criteria are described as:

- Road suitability (30%)
- Stakeholder benefits and impacts (20%)
- Value for money (20%)
- Technical risk and opportunity (15%)
- Other (15%)

From the MCA, the ranking of the four haulage routes are as follows:

- 1<sup>st</sup>: Route 1: Stuart Highway – Berrimah Road
- 2<sup>nd</sup>: Route 2: Stuart Highway – Wishart Road – Berrimah Road
- 3<sup>rd</sup>: Route 3: Jenkins Road – Berrimah Road
- 4<sup>th</sup>: Route 4: Finn Road - Berrimah Road

Route 1 is recommended as the preferred haulage route of DSO from the mine to the East Arm Wharf facility. Upon acceptance of this recommendation, further detailed analysis of the potential traffic impact on the preferred route will be analysed in a subsequent body of work and be delivered as another report.

# **Appendix A**

## **Traffic Volumes**





# Appendix B

MCA

				HAULAGE OPTIONS				Legend: 5 = Very Good 4 = Good 3 = Average 2 = Fair 1 = Poor
				Route 1	Route 2	Route 3	Route 4	
				Stuart Hwy - Berrimah Rd	Stuart Hwy - Wishart Rd - Berrimah Rd	Jenkins Rd - Berrimah Rd	Finn Rd - Berrimah Rd	
Criteria	Sub Criteria	Criteria Weighting	Comment Defining a Score of 5	Score				Comment Defining a Score of 1
Road Suitability	Road train approved	30%	All Sections Quad Road Train Approved	5	5	5	1	No Sections Quad Road Train Approved
	Geometry (seal width)	10%	Seal Width Compliant for Quad Road Trains >7m	4	4	4	4	Seal Width Not Compliant for Quad Road Trains <4m
	Geometry (shoulder width)	10%	Shoulder Width Compliant for Quad Road Trains >2m	4	4	3	3	Shoulder Width Not Compliant for Quad Road Trains <0.25m
	Length	10%	Shortest Route	3	4	2	5	Longest Route
	Intersections and rail crossings	10%	Minimal High Volume Unsignalised/Signalised Intersections	5	4	2	2	High Number of High Volume Unsignalised/Signalised Intersections
	Congestion	10%	Minimal Congestion on all Sections	5	5	5	4	High Level of Congestion on all Sections
	Time	10%	Lowest Average Travel Time	4	4	3	5	Highest Average Travel Time
	Planned upgrade impacts	10%	No Planned Road Works during the Haul Period	3	4	5	5	Significant Sections of Roadworks during the Haul Period
30%	Total Criteria Weighting	100%	<b>Weighted Score</b>	<b>4.3</b>	<b>4.4</b>	<b>3.9</b>	<b>3.1</b>	
Stakeholder Benefits and Impacts	Operational safety	40%	Low volumes of crashes based on a five year crash history (2018-2023)	2	2	3	3	High volumes of crashes based on a five year crash history (2018-2023)
	Local traffic impacts/delay	20%	Minimal impact on traffic movements during operation.	5	4	2	2	Significant impact on traffic movements during Construction
	Compliments local network function	20%	No impacts on adjoining local street network	4	3	2	2	Negative impacts on adjoining local street network
	Impacts on local businesses	20%	Low impacts on access to and operation	4	3	3	3	High impacts on access to and operation
	20%	Total Criteria Weighting	100%	<b>Weighted Score</b>	<b>3.4</b>	<b>2.8</b>	<b>2.6</b>	<b>2.6</b>
Value for Money	Capital Costs	60%	Lowest cost of construction	5	5	4	2	Highest Cost of Construction
	Lifecycle Costs	40%	Lowest recurrent cost of rehab and maintenance	5	5	4	2	Highest recurrent cost of rehab and maintenance
	20%	Total Criteria Weighting	100%	<b>Weighted Score</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>2</b>
Technical Risk and Opportunity	Bridges and Culverts	25%	Bridge risks are well understood and have low potential to impact the option.	5	5	5	5	Bridge risks are well understood and have high potential to impact the option.
	Floodways	25%	Hydraulics risks are well understood and have low potential to impact the option.	5	5	3	3	Hydraulics risks are well understood and have high potential to impact the option.
	Pavements	25%	Pavement risks are well understood and have low potential to impact the option.	4	4	3	2	Pavement risks are well understood and have high potential to impact the option.
	Traffic	25%	Traffic risks are well understood and have low potential to impact the option.	5	4	2	2	Traffic risks are well understood and have high potential to impact the option.
	15%	Total Criteria Weighting	100%	<b>Weighted Score</b>	<b>4.75</b>	<b>4.5</b>	<b>3.25</b>	<b>3</b>
Other	Vegetation	30%	Clear vegetation	4	4	4	4	Significant presence of overhead vegation and other vegetation
	Land use	40%	No rural residential access, farming access and commercial access	4	3	2	2	Rural residential access, farming access and commercial access
	Drainage	30%	Does not abut major waterway	5	5	5	5	Abuts major waterway
	15%	Total Criteria Weighting	100%	<b>Weighted Score</b>	<b>4.3</b>	<b>3.9</b>	<b>3.5</b>	<b>3.5</b>
100%			<b>Overall Weighted Score</b>	<b>4.3</b>	<b>4.1</b>	<b>3.5</b>	<b>2.8</b>	



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