

ENVIRONMENT PROTECTION LICENCE

(Pursuant to section 34 of the *Waste Management and Pollution Control Act*)

Licensee	Santos NA Darwin Pipeline Pty Ltd
Licence Number	EPL217 - 06
Registered Business Address	Santos NA Darwin Pipeline Pty Ltd 60 Flinders Street Adelaide SA 5000
ACN	093 316 959
ABN	60 093 316 959
Premises Address	Section 01860 Hundred of Ayers plan(s) S2002/189 and Section 01870 Hundred of Ayers plan(s) S2002/189 and Section 01871 Hundred of Ayers plan(s) S2002/189 611A WICKHAM POINT RD, WICKHAM and 611C WICKHAM POINT RD, WICKHAM and 611B WICKHAM POINT RD, WICKHAM
Anniversary Date:	19 September
Commencement Date:	19/09/2025
Expiry Date:	18/09/2030
Scheduled Activity	Operating premises for processing hydrocarbons so as to produce, store and /or despatch liquefied natural gas or methanol, where: (a) the premises are designed to produce more than 500,000 tonnes annually of liquefied natural gas and/or methanol; and (b) no lease, licence or permit under the <i>Petroleum Act or the Petroleum (Submerged lands) Act</i> relates to the land on which the premises are situated.
Description	This licence authorises the operation of the premises for processing and storage of hydrocarbons. Following the

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cessation of production, it authorises the storage of liquefied natural gas at the premises.

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- 1 EPL217-DLNG-Environmental-Protection-Licence-Figures-Appendix-A.pdf
- 2 EPL217 - Appendix B DLNG Environmental Protection Licence tables.pdf

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INFORMATION ABOUT THIS LICENCE

- This licence does not in any way relieve the licence holder from its obligations to comply with the WMPC Act, including the general environmental duty in section 12 of the WMPC Act and the duty to notify of incidents causing or threatening to cause pollution under section 14 of the WMPC Act.

Duration of a licence (section 40, 43 and 45 of the WMPC Act)

- A licence will remain in force until its expiry date or until it is surrendered by the licensee or is suspended or cancelled in accordance with the WMPC Act.
- The licensee must notify the Northern Territory Environment Protection Authority (NT EPA) within 14 days after ceasing to conduct the activity.
- The licensee may, with the approval of the NT EPA, surrender the licence to the NT EPA.

Amendment or Revocation of a licence (section 37 of the WMPC Act)

- The licensee may apply to amend or revoke a condition of this licence.
- A fee applies and the application must be made using the designated form via NT EPA Online.
- The NT EPA may also amend or revoke a condition of this licence as set out in section 38 of the WMPC Act.

Transfer of a licence (section 46 of the WMPC Act)

- The licensee can apply to transfer their licence to another person.

Renewal of a licence (section 40 of the WMPC Act and section 3 of the Regulations)

- The licensee may apply for the renewal of their licence not earlier than 90 days, and not later than 30 days, before their licence expires.
- A fee applies and the application must be made via NT EPA Online.

Public Register

- A copy of environment protection licences and any plans for environmental management, reports, submissions or documents required as a condition of an environment protection licence, will be placed on a register in accordance with section 9 of the WMPC Act.
- A copy of the Annual Return will be placed on the register.
- The NT EPA makes this register freely available from the NT EPA website.

Environment Protection Objectives (Part 4 of the WMPC Act), and Water Quality Standards (section 73 of the *Water Act 1992*)

- An Environment Protection Objective (EPO) is a statutory instrument to establish principles on which:
 - a. environmental quality is to be maintained, enhanced, managed or protected;
 - b. pollution, or environmental harm resulting from pollution, is to be assessed, prevented, reduced, controlled, rectified or cleaned up; and
 - c. effective waste management is to be implemented or evaluated.
- In accordance with section 18 of the WMPC Act a beneficial use, quality standard, criteria or objective declared under section 73 of the *Water Act 1992* and in force is an environment protection objective for the purposes of the WMPC Act.

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- The following EPOs and Beneficial Use Declarations (BUDs) are relevant to this licence:
 - Beneficial Uses and Objectives, Darwin Harbour Region, Northern Territory Government Gazette No. G27, 7 July 2010
 - Declaration of Beneficial Uses and Objectives, Darwin Rural Adelaide River Water Control District (2024) supersedes Gazette No. G27, 7 July 2010
 - National Environment Protection (National Pollutant Inventory) Objective.

Environmental Interests

- This section highlights sensitivity of the surrounding land use and environment associated with the location of the approved activity.
- In conducting the Licensed Activity, the licensee shall do all things reasonable and practicable to ensure the Licensed Activity does not adversely affect the ambient air quality of the Darwin region.
- Sites of Conservation Significance - Darwin Harbour SOCS No. 6.

Cultural Interests

- It is the licensee's responsibility to contact the Aboriginal Areas Protection Authority, appropriate land council or other governing body and ensure that any Authority Certificates required as a result of conducting the licenced activity are obtained and complied with.

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RULES FOR INTERPRETING THE CONDITIONS OF THIS LICENCE

- Where there is a discrepancy between the conditions of this licence and any plan, standard, guideline or other document referred to in this licence, the conditions of this licence prevail to the extent of the inconsistency.
- Any reference to any standard (Australian or international) in this licence means the relevant parts of the current version of that standard.
- A reference to any guideline or code of practice (or to the relevant parts of any guideline or code of practice) in this licence means the current version of the guideline or code of practice.
- Under section 39 of the WMPC Act, any contravention of or failure to comply with this licence by the licensee may be an offence.
- In determining whether the licensee has committed an offence, the licensee may be liable for the conduct of its directors, employees or agents.
- The licensee should ensure that each of its directors, employees, contractors or agents are aware of, and comply with, this licence.
- In this licence, unless the contrary intention appears, words that are defined in the WMPC Act are intended to have the meaning given to them in that Act.

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LICENCE CONDITIONS

GENERAL

- 1 The licensee must ensure the contact details recorded in NT EPA Online for this licence are correct at all times.
- 2 The licensee must at all times have a 24-hour emergency contact.
- 3 The licensee must pay via NT EPA Online the annual fee calculated in accordance with the method prescribed in the Regulations within 10 business days of the anniversary date of this licence, for each year or part of a year that this licence is in force.
- 4 The licensee must cause clear and legible signage, in English, to be displayed in a prominent location at each public entrance to the premises that includes the following details:
 - 4.1 environment protection licence number issued under the WMPC Act; and
 - 4.2 24-hour emergency contact details.
- 5 The licensee must cause a copy of this licence to be available for inspection by any person, in hard copy form, at the premises.
- 6 The licensee must implement, maintain and follow the documents listed in **Table 1**.

Table 1. Licence documents

Document Name
Darwin LNG Operations Environmental Management Plan
Darwin LNG Emergency Response Plan
Acid Gas Management System Trigger Action Response Plan (TARP)
Darwin LNG Groundwater Monitoring Plan
Darwin LNG Mangrove Monitoring Program
Darwin LNG Consultation and Communication Plan
Fugitive Emissions Management Plan

- 7 The NT EPA may require the licensee to revise or amend and resubmit any document to the NT EPA by a specified date.
- 8 The licensee must provide to the NT EPA, within 10 business days of a request, a copy of any document, monitoring data or other information in relation to the activity, in the format requested by the NT EPA.
- 9 All notices, reports, documents or other correspondence required to be provided as a condition of this licence, unless otherwise specified as a condition of this licence, must be provided in electronic form by uploading the document via NT EPA Online (or by emailing environmentalregulation@nt.gov.au).
- 10 Within 10 business days of any amendment being made to a document listed in Table 1 the licensee must provide the amended document to the NT EPA, along with:
 - 10.1 a tabulated summary of the amendment(s) with document references;
 - 10.2 reasons for the amendment(s); and
 - 10.3 an assessment of environmental risk associated with the amendment(s).
- 11 The licensee must operate and maintain a community feedback number.

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- 12 The licensee must maintain a Complaint Log for all complaints received by the licensee in relation to the activity.
- 13 The licensee must ensure that the Complaints Log includes, for each complaint received by the licensee, the following information:
- 13.1 the person to whom the complaint was made;
 - 13.2 the person responsible for managing the complaint;
 - 13.3 the date and time the complaint was reported;
 - 13.4 the date and time of the event(s) that led to the complaint;
 - 13.5 the contact details of the complainant if known, or where no details are provided a note to that effect;
 - 13.6 the nature of the complaint;
 - 13.7 the nature of event(s) giving rise to the complaint;
 - 13.8 prevailing weather conditions at the time (where relevant to the complaint);
 - 13.9 the action taken in relation to the complaint, including any follow-up contact with the complainant; and
 - 13.10 if no action was taken, why no action was taken.

EARLY SURRENDER OF LICENCE

- 14 Any reports, records or other information required or able to be provided by the licensee under this licence must be submitted to the NT EPA prior to the licensee surrendering the licence. If the date on which a report, record or other information is required falls after the date the licensee requests to surrender this licence, the licensee must provide the report, record or information as far as possible using data available to the licensee up to and including the date the request to surrender the licence is made.

OPERATIONAL

- 15 The licensee must, without limiting any other condition of this licence, in conducting the Licensed Activity, do all things reasonable and practicable to ensure the Licensed Activity does not adversely affect the relevant Declared Beneficial Uses and Objectives as declared from time to time.
- 16 The licensee must ensure any plant and equipment used by the licensee in conducting the activity:
- 16.1 is fit for the purpose and use to which it is put;
 - 16.2 is maintained; and
 - 16.3 is operated by a person trained to use the plant and equipment.
- 17 The licensee must ensure that all instruments, equipment and measuring devices used for measuring or monitoring in accordance with any condition of this licence must be calibrated, appropriately operated and maintained.
- 18 No change, replacement or alteration of plant or equipment is permitted if the change, replacement or alteration increases the risk of environmental harm from the licensed activity, unless approved in writing by the NT EPA.

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- 19 The licensee must ensure all analyses and tests required to be conducted in accordance with this licence are carried out by a laboratory that has NATA certification for the analysis and test, except as otherwise authorised by the NT EPA.
- 20 **Waste Management**
The licensee must segregate waste at the premises in clearly designated areas.
- 21 The licensee must ensure:
- 21.1 all listed waste transported from the premises is transported by a person licensed to transport the listed waste; and
- 21.2 waste is transported to facilities that are licensed to accept the waste and are capable of containing and/or treating the waste.
- 22 The licensee must maintain records of the nature, quantities, source and disposal of waste, including listed waste generated at the premises in each successive 12-month period following the commencement date of this licence.
- 23 **Environmental Management Plans**
The Operations Environmental Management Plan (OEMP) must:
- 23.1 be prepared in consideration of the 'NT EPA Guideline for the Preparation of an Environmental Management Plan';
- 23.2 include environmental management strategies for greenhouse gas emissions;
- 23.3 include measures to ensure:
- a. continuous improvement in environmental management practices and environmental performance for the licensed activity;
 - b. the minimisation of emissions, discharges and wastes as far as is reasonable and practicable for the licensed activity; and
 - c. management of foreseeable environmental risks and hazards for non-routine situations including corrective responses to prevent and mitigate environmental harm, including a contingency plan for shut down for maintenance or other reasons.
- 23.4 be prepared by a **Qualified Professional** with the experience and qualifications to be able to assess the environmental risks associated with carrying out the Licensed Activities and to assess the adequacy of the OEMP to facilitate compliance with the conditions of this licence; and
- 23.5 not be implemented or amended in a way that contravenes or is inconsistent with any condition of this licence.
- 24 **Licence Audit**
The licensee must submit the proposed scope for the environmental audits referred to in condition 26 to the NT EPA for approval, no later than 20 business days prior to the proposed commencement date of the environmental audit (which must be specified when the proposed scope is submitted).
- 25 The licensee must receive written approval for the audit scope submitted pursuant to condition 24 from the NT EPA before the environmental audit can commence, noting that the NT EPA may require the licensee to revise, amend or resubmit the proposed scope.
- 26 The licensee must submit a licence audit report that evaluates the extent to which the licensee is compliant with each condition of this licence and that addresses the scope approved by the NT EPA in accordance with condition 24 by:
- 26.1 19 January 2028 for the period from the issue date of this licence to 19 September 2027; and

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26.2 19 January 2030 for the period from 19 September 2027 to 19 September 2029.

27 The environmental audit must be conducted by a **Qualified person**.

DISCHARGES AND EMISSIONS

General

28 The licensee must ensure there is no migration or overflow of a contaminant or waste, which causes or may cause environmental harm, beyond the boundary of the land, specified in Figure 1 of Appendix A, on which the premises are located. For the avoidance of doubt, this condition is not intended to authorise the discharge of a contaminant or waste to any land or water which discharge unless authorised by another condition of this licence.

29 The licensee must ensure that stormwater does not come into contact with a contaminant or waste, which causes or may cause environmental harm.

Noise Management

30 The activity must not cause or release, beyond the boundary of the premises noise which unreasonably interferes with or is likely to unreasonably interfere with the enjoyment of the area by persons who occupy a place within the area or are otherwise lawfully in the area.

31 Wastewater Discharges

The licensee must ensure the discharge of water and wastewater only occurs from the authorised discharge points as identified in Table 1 of Appendix B, the natural gas liquid tank bund and as otherwise allowed in accordance with the conditions of this licence.

32 The licensee must ensure that all discharge events at each authorised discharge point consists only of waste from the source(s) as specified in Table 1 of Appendix B.

33 The licensee must, for the Irrigation Water and Jetty Outfall discharge points, install, operate and maintain a device to measure and record, for each discharge event:

33.1 the time the discharge commenced and the duration of the discharge;

33.2 the discharge rate of flow; and

33.3 the discharge volume.

34 The licensee must notify the NT EPA where the total annual (calendar year) volume of wastewater discharged via the jetty outfall exceeds 61 megalitres. The notification must include detailed explanation of the reasons for this and what measures have been implemented to address the increase.

35 The licensee must notify the NT EPA if the total annual (calendar year) volume of wastewater discharged to land via irrigation exceeds 26 megalitres in any given year. The notification must include a detailed explanation of the reasons for this and what measures have been implemented to reduce the volume of wastewater used for irrigation.

36 The licensee must ensure that the discharge of water and wastewater from all discharge events at each authorised discharge point does not:

36.1 contain any floating debris, oil, grease, petroleum hydrocarbon sheen, scum, litter or other objectionable matter;

36.2 cause or generate odours which would adversely affect the use of surrounding waters;

36.3 cause algal blooms in the receiving water;

36.4 cause mortality of fish or other aquatic organisms; or

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36.5 cause adverse impacts on plants.

37 **Air Emissions**

The licensee must ensure that point source emissions to air only occur from the authorised emission points as identified in Figure 3 of Appendix A or as otherwise allowed in accordance with the conditions of this licence.

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38 The licensee must ensure all releases to air from the authorised emission release points:

38.1 are directed vertically upwards without impedance or hindrance; and

38.2 are freely discharged after release and not captured by building wakes.

39 The licensee must ensure all authorised emission release points are labelled clearly and legibly and in a prominent location with the corresponding release point number as identified in column 1 of Table 3 Appendix B.

40 **Flaring**

The licensee must take all reasonable and practicable measures to ensure all flares:

40.1 are designed, operated and maintained to minimise emission of volatile organic compounds and smoke;

40.2 are equipped with a continuously burning pilot or other automatic ignition system that assures gas ignition and provides immediate notification to appropriate personnel when the ignition system ceases to function;

40.3 are designed to handle large fluctuations in both the volume and the chemical content of gases; and

40.4 are designed to not cause excessive radiant heat, light or noise beyond the boundary of the premises.

41 **Acid Gas**

The licensee must not dispose of acid gas other than:

41.1 by thermal oxidation; or

41.2 by hot venting in accordance with Condition 42 and Condition 43.

42 The licensee must ensure that acid gas is not disposed of by hot venting unless the thermal oxidiser is undergoing maintenance and repair, or as otherwise authorised by the NT EPA.

43 The licensee must ensure that hot venting does not occur for more than 36 calendar days per year, or as otherwise authorised by the NT EPA.

44 **Fugitive Emissions**

The licensee must provide to the NT EPA a Fugitive Emissions Management Plan to prevent and manage fugitive emissions to a level that is ALARP and acceptable to the NT EPA. The Fugitive Emissions Management Plan must:

44.1 include a leak detection and repair (LDAR) program that:

(a) annually tests all accessible components that could potentially leak VOCs or methane, such as flanges and other connections, valves, gaskets, pump and compressor seals, process drains and vents, pressure relief devices, vessels and tanks;

(b) is in accordance with US EPA method 21 (Optical Gas Imaging can be used to detect leaks and a calibrated FID or PID instrument used to measure the leak concentration);

(c) sets out what actions will be taken in the case of a leak detection; and

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(d) defines the leak concentration above which repair will be undertaken, if possible, and the proposed timing to finalise repair;

44.2 include annual monitoring of fugitive methane emissions from the DLNG storage tank using best practice methods; and

44.3 be submitted within 6 months of the issue of this Licence.

45 **Ambient Air Quality**

The activity must not cause or release, beyond the boundary of the premises:

45.1 visible steam;

45.2 smoke;

45.3 offensive odour; or

45.4 dust or particulates.

46 **Storage and Handling of Chemicals, Flammable and Combustible Substances**

The licensee must keep records of the chemical content, type, volume, storage location and use of all firefighting foams.

47 The licensee must ensure all reasonable and practical measures are implemented to minimise, and phase out, use of firefighting foams containing PFAS and pre-cursors to PFOS and PFHxS and in any case, not to use foams containing PFOS and PFHxS.

48 All fluorine-containing foams used for testing of firefighting systems and training must be contained and must not contaminate land or waters or air.

MONITORING

Monitoring Discharges to Water and Surrounding Environment

49 The licensee must maintain and implement an environmental monitoring program for discharges to water, land and air from the licenced activity, from the commencement date of this licence, in accordance with the monitoring requirements included in:

49.1 Appendix B;

49.2 Darwin LNG Groundwater Monitoring Plan; and

49.3 Darwin LNG Mangrove Monitoring Program.

50 The licensee must ensure that, for each sample collected in accordance with the requirements of this licence the following information is recorded and retained:

50.1 the date on which the sample was collected;

50.2 the time at which the sample was collected;

50.3 the location at which the sample was collected;

50.4 the name of the person who collected the sample;

50.5 the chain of custody forms relating to the sample;

50.6 analytical results (if any) relating to the sample; and

50.7 laboratory quality assurance and quality control documentation.

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- 51 The licensee must ensure that all samples and field environmental data are representative of the conditions at the time of sampling.
- 52 The licensee must ensure that all samples and field environmental data are collected in accordance with recognised Australian Standards and guidelines (such as AS/NZS 5667, ANZG 2018).
- 53 The licensee must ensure any samples collected in accordance with this licence or in connection with the activity, are obtained by, or under the supervision of a qualified sampler.
- 54 The licensee must ensure all continuous monitoring equipment used for the purposes of demonstrating compliance with conditions of this licence:
- 54.1 measures the parameter of interest at intervals sufficient to detect a change relevant to the parameter being measured; and
 - 54.2 measures, records and transmits measured data in real time to the premises data management system.
- 55 The licensee must for all land-based monitoring points specified in Tables 2 and 4 of Appendix B:
- 55.1 install and maintain appropriate identification signage so that they are reasonably identifiable at all times; and
 - 55.2 maintain safe access and egress, as is reasonably practicable.
- 56 **Monitoring Air Emissions**
The licensee must maintain and implement an environmental monitoring program for emissions to air from the licenced activity in accordance with the monitoring requirements included in Table 3 of Appendix B.
- 57 The licensee must ensure all sampling and analysis of air emissions are carried out in accordance with NSW EPA *Approved Methods for the Sampling and Analysis of Air Pollutants in NSW*.
- 58 Monitoring of air emissions must be undertaken at least once per year when the emission source is operating under maximum steady state operating conditions.

RECORDING AND REPORTING

- 59 **Annual Report**
The licensee must submit a completed Annual Return form to environmentalregulation@nt.gov.au within 20 business days after each anniversary date of this licence, which relates to the preceding 12 month period.
- 60 The licensee must complete and provide to the NT EPA an Annual Environmental Monitoring Report (AEMR), as prescribed by this license, by 1 April for each year of the licence. The reporting period is the previous period of 1 January - 31 December from the commencement date of this licence.
- 61 The licensee must ensure that each AEMR:
- 61.1 is prepared in accordance with the requirements of the NT EPA 'Guideline for Reporting on Environmental Monitoring'(or any other guideline as adopted by the NT EPA from time to time);
 - 61.2 includes a tabulation, in Microsoft ® Excel ® format, of all monitoring data required as a condition of this licence;
 - 61.3 includes long term trend analysis, including statistical analysis, of monitoring data to demonstrate any environmental impact associated with the activity over a minimum period of 5 years;

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- 61.4 summarises performance of the authorised discharges to water and air emissions compared to the limits and values specified in Appendix B;
- 61.5 highlights all instances of exceedances of trigger values and limits specified in Appendix B;
- 61.6 reports the frequency and volume of wastewater discharges via the Irrigation Water and Jetty Outfall authorised discharge point points for the reporting period;
- 61.7 provides the total emissions to air in tonnes per year, with respect to the parameters listed in Appendix B;
- 61.8 includes analysis of environmental impacts and measures taken to reduce environmental impacts arising from Scheduled Activity, including wastewater and ambient air quality improvements;
- 61.9 summarises measures taken to reduce waste;
- 61.10 includes the outcomes of the leak detection and repair program (undertaken in accordance with condition 44) including:
 - (a) the extent of compliance with the leak detection and repair program;
 - (b) a summary of monitoring undertaken during the reporting period;
 - (c) a summary of minor and significant leaks identified during the reporting period;
 - (d) an explanation of any component which could not be repaired;
 - (e) an estimation of the VOC and methane losses from leaking;
 - (f) the percentage reduction or increase in VOC and methane losses from leaking items achieved since the last year of testing;
 - (g) the methods used in calculating emissions;
 - (h) continual improvement measures for reducing fugitive emissions; and
- 61.11 is prepared by a **Qualified professional**.

62 **Non-Compliance**

The licensee must keep records of all non-compliances with this licence. These records must be adequate to enable the licensee to comply with the non-compliance notification conditions of this licence.

63 A non-compliance with this licence includes:

- 63.1 the exceedance of a trigger value specified in Table 2 of Appendix B on three consecutive sampling occasions at the corresponding monitoring site specified in Table 2 of Appendix B; or
- 63.2 on a single sampling occasion where the measured value is greater than 3 times the trigger value specified in Table 2 of Appendix B at the corresponding monitoring site specified in Table 2 of Appendix B.

64 A non-compliance with this licence includes an exceedance of a maximum:

- 64.1 concentration limit specified in Table 3 of Appendix B;
- 64.2 mass emission rate limit specified in Table 3 of Appendix B;
- 64.3 concentration limit and mass emission rate limit specified in Table 3 of Appendix B, for the following sources:
 - Thermal Oxidiser; and
 - Acid Gas Vent (Solvent Regenerator Reflux Drum).

65 The approval holder must notify the NT EPA of any non-compliance with this approval by completing the Non-Compliance Notification via NT EPA Online (or by emailing environmentalregulation@nt.gov.au), as

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soon as practicable after (and in any case within 24 hours after) first becoming aware of the non-compliance.

- 66 The licensee must include in the notification of non-compliance the following information:
- 66.1 when the non-compliance was detected and by whom;
 - 66.2 the date and time of the non-compliance; and
 - 66.3 a date when an incident investigation report will be submitted to the NT EPA in accordance with condition 65 of this licence.
- 67 Within 10 business days of the notification report provided in accordance with condition 66, the licensee must provide an investigation report to the NT EPA, including:
- 67.1 the date and time when the non-compliance was detected and by whom;
 - 67.2 the risk of environmental harm arising from the non-compliance;
 - 67.3 if no action was taken, why no action was taken;
 - 67.4 corrective actions that have or will be undertaken to ensure the non-compliance does not reoccur;
 - 67.5 the action(s) that have been undertaken to mitigate any environmental harm arising from the non-compliance; and
 - 67.6 the actual and potential causes and contributing factors to the non-compliance.
- 68 **Performance improvement Condition - Stakeholder Engagement**
To ensure accurate, timely and effective communication between the Licensee, other stakeholders and the community, the Licensee must:
- 68.1 Within 3 months of the issue of this licence, submit to the NT EPA draft terms of reference to establish a Community Consultative Committee (CCC) that include purpose, membership, roles, responsibilities and how the committee will operate;
 - 68.2 Appoint an independent chair approved by the NT EPA within 6 months of the issue of this licence; and
 - 68.3 Operate the CCC for the duration of this licence in accordance with the terms of reference as agreed by the CCC.

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END OF LICENCE CONDITIONS

This licence is not valid unless signed below:



Tess Cole-Adams
Executive Director Environmental Regulation
Delegate of the Northern Territory
Environment Protection Authority
Dated: 26/05/2026

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DEFINITIONS

All terms in the Licence which are defined in the *Waste Management and Pollution Control Act* have the meaning given in that Act unless otherwise or further defined in this section.

DEFINITION	In this licence, unless a contrary intention appears:
24 hour emergency contact	the phone number of a person who can be contacted at any time and be capable of responding to and providing information about any incident associated with the activity.
Activity	the Scheduled activity as described on the covering page of this licence.
Air	includes any layer of the atmosphere.
ALARP	As Low As Reasonably Practicable
Annual fee	yearly fee payable in respect of the activity as specified in the WMPC Act and the Regulations.
Annual Return	an NT EPA prescribed format for demonstrating and reporting compliance with the conditions of this licence and providing information on waste volumes for the preceding 12 month period.
ANZECC/ARMCANZ	Australian and New Zealand Environment and Conservation Council and Agriculture and Resource Management Council of Australia and New Zealand, 2000: National Water Quality Management Strategy: Australian Guidelines for Water Quality Monitoring and Reporting.
Business days	a day not Saturday, Sunday or a public holiday, in the Northern Territory.
Community feedback number	a telephone number enabling members of the public to contact, at any time, a person or voice mail system that can accept, on behalf of the licensee, enquiries or complaints about the activity, and to which the licensee must respond.
Complaint Log	a register of complaints to be maintained by the Licensee that records the details of each complaint received in relation to the activity.
Consultation and Communication Plan	a written plan documenting proposed consultation and communications for the activity before, during and after the activity which includes a strategy for communicating with members of the public who are likely to have a real interest in, or be affected by, the activity.
Contact details	includes the 24 hour emergency contact, and name, position title and phone number of a representative of the licensee who can be contacted about the licence and activity.
Contaminant	a solid, liquid or gas or any combination of such substances and includes: (a) noise, odour, heat and electromagnetic radiation; (b) a prescribed substance or prescribed class of substances; and (c) a substance having a prescribed property or prescribed class of properties.
Discharges	allow a liquid, gas or other substance to flow out from where it has been confined.
Emergency Response Plan	a written plan documenting the licensee's procedures for responding to emergencies caused by, resulting from or associated with the activity and that may cause environmental harm.

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Environmental audit	has the meaning given in section 47 of the WMPC Act.
Environmental harm	(a) any harm to or adverse effect on the environment; or (b) any potential harm (including the risk of harm and future harm) to or potential adverse effect on the environment, of any degree or duration and includes environmental nuisance.
Environmental nuisance	means: (a) an adverse effect on the amenity of an area that: (i) is caused by noise, smoke, dust, fumes or odour; and (ii) unreasonably interferes with or is likely to unreasonably interfere with the enjoyment of the area by persons who occupy a place within the area or are otherwise lawfully in the area; or (b) an unsightly or offensive condition caused by contaminants or waste.
FID	Flame Ionization Detector
Incident	includes: (a) an accident, emergency or malfunction; and (b) a deliberate action, whether or not that action was taken by the person conducting the activity in the course of which the incident occurred.
Land	includes water and air on, above or under land.
Listed waste	a waste included under Schedule 2 of the Regulations.
Maintain	kept in a manner that it does not present or cause a risk of environmental harm or a hazard to persons or property or, for the purposes of documents including plans, a process of reviewing and amending documentation to ensure it is relevant.
NATA	National Association of Testing Authorities, Australia.
Non-compliance	failure or refusal to comply, whether by act or omission, with obligations or requirements and includes any exceedance of a licence limit.
Non-compliance notification	an NT EPA prescribed format for notifying the NT EPA of a non-compliance.
NT EPA Online	online system for Environment Protection Licence (EPL), Environment Protection Approval (EPA) and Waste Discharge Licence (WDL) lodgement and maintenance.
PID	Photo Ionization Detector
Plant and equipment	all material items used in association with the activity, including (but not limited to) storage vessels and containers, pipe work and hosing, vehicles (including vessels), tools, and measuring equipment.
Point source discharge	means any discernible, confined or discrete conveyance from which contaminants or waste are or may be discharged.
Point source emission	A point source emission is any single identifiable source from which emissions are discharged such as a pipe or stack.
Pollute	(a) emit, discharge, deposit, or disturb, directly or indirectly, a contaminant or waste; or (b) cause, permit, or fail to prevent, directly or indirectly, the emission, discharge, deposition, disturbance or escape of a contaminant or waste.
Pollution	(a) a contaminant or waste that is emitted, discharged, deposited or disturbed or that escapes; or

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(b) a contaminant or waste, effect or phenomenon, that is present in the environment as a consequence of an emission, discharge, deposition, escape or disturbance or a contaminant or waste.

Premises	the premises identified in this licence which includes equipment, plant and structures, whether stationary or portable, and the land on which premises are situated.
Public entrance	access to the premises that is utilised by the public.
Qualified person	a person registered under Section 68 of the WMPC Act.
Qualified professional	a person who has professional qualifications, training, skills or experience relevant to the nominated subject matters and can give authoritative assessment, advice and analysis about performance relevant to the subject matters using relevant protocols, standards, methods or literature.
Qualified sampler	a person who has training and experience in obtaining samples from the relevant environmental medium.
Regulations	<i>Waste Management and Pollution Control (Administration) Regulations 1998.</i>
Stormwater	water flowing over ground surfaces, in natural streams and drains as a direct result of rainfall over a catchment and consists primarily of rainfall runoff.
Trigger values	assigned value for each indicator used to assess the risk to an environmental value, a value that initiates some type of pre-defined management action.
VOCs	Volatile Organic Compounds as defined under the National Pollutant Inventory (NPI)
Waste	(a) a solid, a liquid or a gas; or (b) a mixture of such substances, that is or are left over, surplus or an unwanted by-product from any activity (whether or not the substance is of value) and includes a prescribed substance or class of substances.
Wastewater	water that contains a contaminant or waste.
Water	includes: (a) surface water, ground water and tidal waters; (b) coastal waters of the Territory, within the meaning of the <i>Coastal Waters (Northern Territory Powers) Act 1980</i> of the Commonwealth; and (c) water containing an impurity.
WMPC Act	the Northern Territory <i>Waste Management and Pollution Control Act 1998.</i>