

## **Appendix 21. Stakeholder Engagement Plan**





Fountain Head Gold Project

## **Stakeholder Engagement Plan**

May 2021

Version 2

STAKEHOLDER ENGAGEMENT PLAN  
FOUNTAIN HEAD GOLD PROJECT

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## Abbreviations and Glossary

Term	Definition
Consultation	A process to gain information and feedback from stakeholders to inform decisions. It involves limited two-way communication – ask questions and stakeholder provides answers. It does not mean a mutual agreement about decisions are reached but acknowledges better decisions can be made through stakeholder input
EA Act	<i>Environmental Assessment Act 1982</i>
EIA	Environmental impact assessment – a process for identifying the risks and potential environmental impacts with a proposal and designing appropriate avoidance and mitigation measures to improve environmental outcomes and maximise positive benefits
EIS	Environmental Impact Statement (includes draft EIS, Supplement to the EIS and any additional information requested following submission of the Supplement)
Engagement	Actively bringing stakeholder voices into decisions that affect or interest them. It involves communication, dialogue, listening, responding and the building of relationships
Environment	As defined in the EA Act, “environment means all aspects of the surroundings of man including the physical, biological, economic, cultural and social aspects”
EP Act	<i>Environmental Protection Act 2019</i>
EPBC Act	<i>Environment Protection and Biodiversity Conservation Act 1999</i> (Commonwealth)
Grievance	a complaint lodged by an individual, group or community alleging damage, adverse impact or dissatisfaction related mainly to perceived or observed misconduct by Project personnel during Project activities.
IAP2	International Association for Public Participation
NOI	Notice of Intent – the name given to the information that notifies the NT EPA about a proposed action
NT EPA	Northern Territory Environment Protection Authority
Proponent	Person or company seeking to pursue a proposal
Stakeholder	is defined as a group or individual that has a direct interest or stake in a project and has the potential to be affected by the business or project activities
SEP	Stakeholder Engagement Plan
ToR	Terms of Reference

# 1 Introduction

## 1.1 Context

This document is the Stakeholder Engagement Plan (SEP) for the re-development of the historic Fountain Head Gold Mine (Project) by Project proponent PNX Metals Ltd (PNX). The Project involves new mining and processing of gold bearing ore from the previously mined Fountain Head and Tally Ho pits. Figure 1.1 shows the Project area and surrounding deposits. Mining is proposed to occur over approximately 3.5 years and will involve an extension to the existing pit void. A mineral processing facility will be constructed on site for processing the ore and recovering the gold.

The Notice of Intent (NOI) for the Fountain Head Gold Mine was submitted in December 2019 and it was determined that the proposal required assessment under the *Environmental Assessment Act* (EA Act) at the level of an Environmental Impact Statement (EIS). The Final Terms of Reference (ToR) published by the NT EPA on 11 May 2020 stated that the community's views of the values and assessment of potential social, economic and cultural impacts be addressed by the Project EIS. This SEP has been developed to describe how the stakeholder engagement program will be implemented and demonstrate that the requirements of the ToR have been met by PNX.

The SEP is a 'live' document that will be periodically reviewed and updated as required for each phase (approvals, construction, operations and closure) of the Project. Maintenance of the SEP is the responsibility of PNX.

## 1.2 Purpose and Scope

The importance of community involvement in the environmental impact assessment process is expressly recognised in the *Environment Protection Act 2019* (EP Act). These are:

- To provide for broad community involvement during the process of environmental impact assessment and environmental approval.
- To recognise the role that Aboriginal people have as stewards of their country as conferred under their traditions and recognised in law, and the importance of participation by Aboriginal people and communities in environmental decision-making processes.

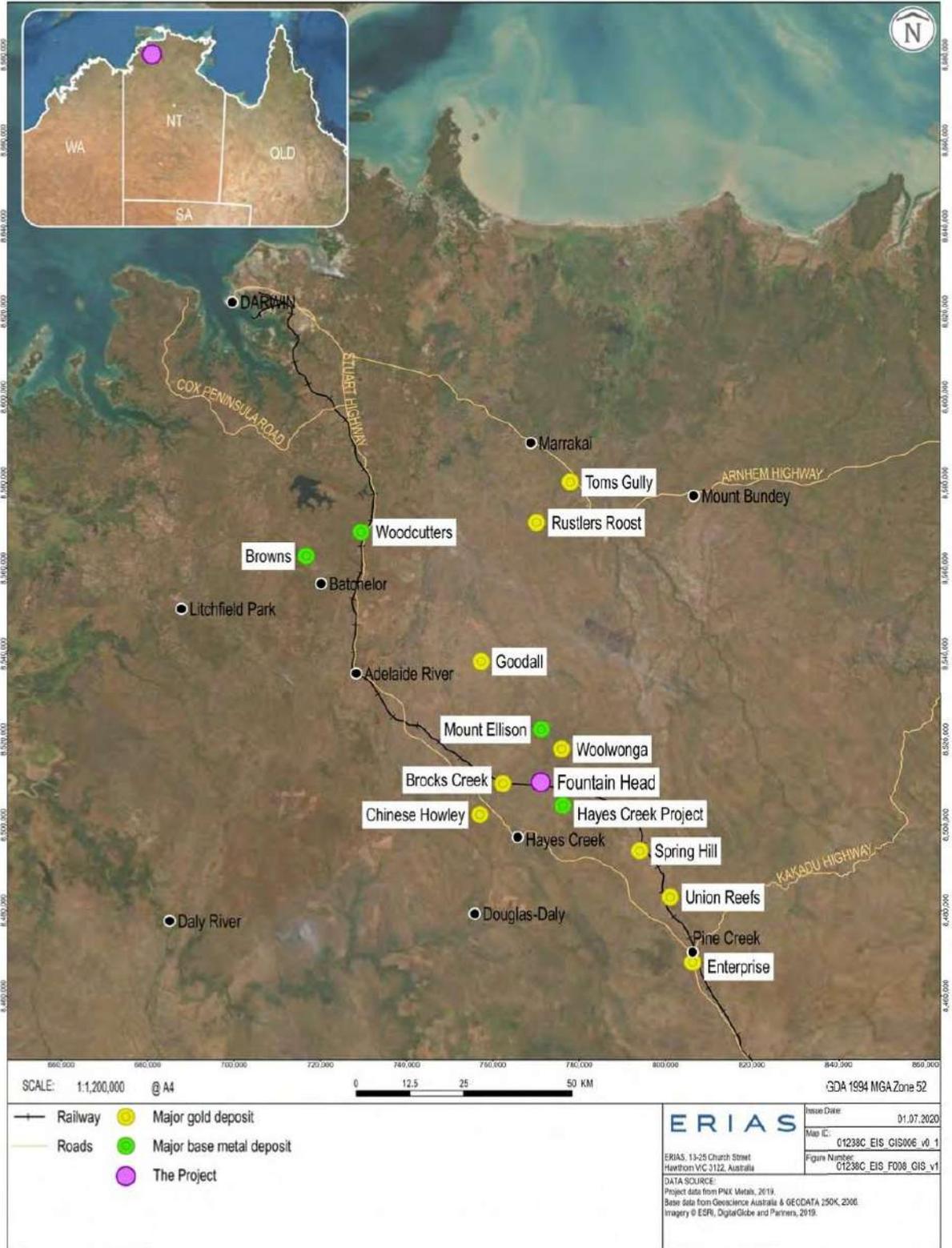
The EP Act requires a proponent to consult with communities, take account of their views, document their knowledge and address Aboriginal values and rights.

Accordingly, the purpose of the SEP is to describe the approach to stakeholder engagement that the Project will take throughout the project lifecycle, from Project planning and assessment, through to construction, operations and eventually, closure. The purpose of the SEP is to:

- Maintain good relationships with landholders, local business and industry, Traditional Owners and government (at all levels).
- Continue to identify new stakeholders and re-assess levels of interest and impact regularly to maintain a good understanding of stakeholder needs and concern.

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Figure 1.1 - Project Area



- Keep stakeholders up to date with relevant Project information in a timely manner and addressing concerns as they arise.
- Provide community and government with information about the performance of the Project against environmental objectives and the success of mitigations outlined in the EIS.
- Monitor and respond to issues raised through the stakeholder management system and incorporating feedback into the Project, where possible.

### 1.3 Principles

The SEP has been developed based on the following principles which have been adapted from the International Association for Public Participation's (IAP2) core values of public participation (IAP2, 2017), regarded as good practice in stakeholder engagement and is widely used in Australia:

- Public participation is based on the belief that those who are affected by a decision have a right to be involved in the decision-making process.
- Public participation includes the promise that the stakeholder's contribution will influence the decision.
- Public participation promotes sustainable decisions by recognising and communicating the needs and interests of all participants, including decision makers.
- Public participation seeks out and facilitates the participation of those potentially affected by or interested in a decision.
- Public participation seeks input from participants in designing how they participate.
- Public participation provides participants with the information they need to participate in a meaningful way.
- Public participation communicates to participants how their input affected the proposal and decision.

It also considers guidance for proponents produced by the NT EPA (2021) on stakeholder engagement.

### 1.4 Objectives

PNXs' stakeholder engagement approach has the following objectives:

- Enable early, effective two-way communication between PNX and Project stakeholders, that meets government requirements and community expectations.
- Build government and community understanding and support for the Project.
- Assist in identifying key social and environmental issues that need to be addressed.
- Ensure that those potentially impacted by the Project can raise issues and concerns, and that stakeholder feedback informs Project design and management measures.

## 2 Historical Context and Project Description

### 2.1 Project History

The discovery of a gold bearing quartz reef at Fountain Head in 1883 was followed by eluvial mining until 1886. Production in this period was estimated as being up to 20,000 ounces of gold. From 1886, small scale mining of individual quartz reefs and alluvial work was carried out for a total production of approximately 9,980 ounces of gold up to 1936.

From 1985 to 1989, Zapopan Mining NL carried out an alluvial/eluvial mining operation. Between July 1987 and December 1989, they produced 10,104 ounces of gold. In 1995 Dominion Mining Limited carried out trial open pit mining at Fountain Head to determine bulk ore performance at the Cosmo mill.

The Fountain Head Project was part of the Burnside Joint Venture from 2002 to 2005 at which point it was acquired by GBS Gold Australia.

Following discovery of the neighbouring Tally Ho lodes in late 2006, the deposit was quickly expanded and brought into production, with mining occurring between 2007 and 2008 by GBS Gold. In 2009 GBS Gold came into financial difficulties and was liquidated. The project (alongside other assets) were subsequently purchased by Crocodile Gold Australia (who merged with Newmarket Gold and subsequently with Kirkland Lake Gold Ltd). The Fountain Head and Tally Ho deposits were acquired by PNX in early 2018 from Kirkland Lake Gold Ltd.

No rehabilitation of the waste rock stockpile (WRS) has been undertaken and the pits have become flooded. The site has remained under care and maintenance since 2009 with past activities leaving the site highly disturbed.

### 2.2 Project Description

PNX are proposing to recommence mining at the Project and using on site processing plant to produce gold doré. The Project will involve the following activities:

The recommencement of mining at Fountain Head will include the following activities:

- Dewatering and expansion of existing open pit.
- Remediation and extension of existing water storage dam (evaporation pond) walls.
- Construction and progressive rehabilitation of the integrated waste landform (IWL).
- Establishment of potentially acid-forming (PAF) waste rock stockpile adjacent to the pit.
- Construction of crushing facilities and gold processing plant (Plant).
- Construction of supporting infrastructure, i.e., workshops, power station, roads, offices.

- Ongoing dewatering of the pit and evaporation pond.
- Final rehabilitation of the IWL, evaporation pond and removal of infrastructure, e.g., process plant, and reshaping and rehabilitation of disturbed areas.

Figure 2.1 shows the proposed layout of the site.

### **2.3 Engagement Undertaken To-date**

Stakeholder engagement for the Project began in 2019, however PNx had already been engaging with the local community around the Hayes Creek Project and had therefore established and built relationships with local landholders and government authorities.

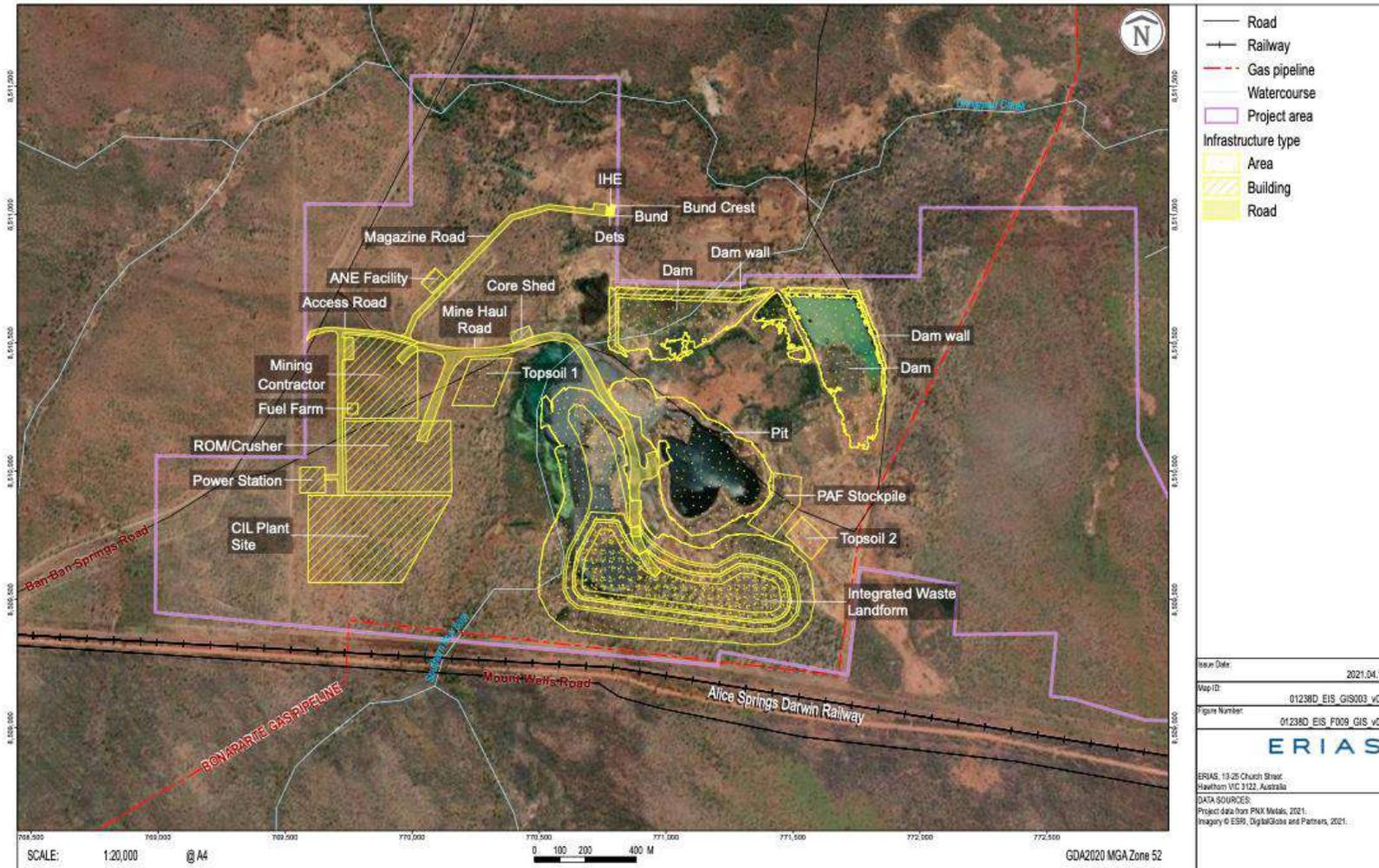
Since 2019, consultation and engagement has enabled PNx to gain an understanding of potential community concerns and expectations in relation to potential project impacts and benefits (see Section 4).

The objectives of stakeholder consultation conducted to-date was to disclose key Project information (i.e., location, design, timing, potential impacts etc) and to encourage community feedback to inform Project design and management measures.

Results from consultation to-date are provided in Appendix A.

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Figure 2.1 - Fountain Head Gold Project Infrastructure



## 3 Stakeholder Identification and Analysis

### 3.1 Stakeholder Identification

Stakeholders might include project-affected individuals or groups and key informants and organisations that may be directly or indirectly affected by the Project, have an interest in the Project, and/or might have a positive or negative influence on the Project.

Stakeholders have primarily been identified based on:

- Desktop research of publicly available information.
- PNX's appreciation of the community and previous stakeholder interaction.

Broadly, stakeholder groups (including those directly and indirectly affected by the Project) include (but are not limited to) the following:

- Local stakeholders and community including local business.
- Landholders and/or leaseholders.
- State Government and local administrative agencies.
- Federal Government.
- Territory and Federal Government members of Parliament.
- Traditional Owners.
- Government Service Providers (Emergency).
- Industry.
- Local Project and Operations.
- Local sporting clubs.
- Other.

A detailed list of Project stakeholders is provided in Table 3.1. The stakeholder list will be adjusted and expanded as different phases of the Project are implemented and new stakeholders are identified.

**Table 3.1 – Project Stakeholders**

Group	Individual Stakeholders
Traditional Owners and Aboriginal organisations	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Northern Land Council (Daly, Katherine)</li></ul>

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Group	Individual Stakeholders
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Aboriginal Areas Protection Authority (AAPA)</li> <li>• Jawoyn Association Aboriginal Corporation</li> <li>• Warai and Wagiman representatives</li> <li>• Pine Creek Aboriginal Advancement Association Incorporated (Kybrook Farm)</li> </ul>
Local community and businesses	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Adelaide River Inn</li> <li>• Grove Hill Hotel (Pine Creek)</li> <li>• The Lazy Lizard (accommodation in Pine Creek)</li> <li>• Amateur Fisherman's Association NT</li> <li>• Adelaide River and Pine Creek residents</li> </ul>
Local Landholders	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Ban Ban Springs Station</li> <li>• Douglas Station</li> </ul>
Government and service providers	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Commonwealth Department of Agriculture, Water and the Environment (AWE)</li> <li>• NT Department of Industry, Tourism and Trade (DITT)</li> <li>• NT Environment Protection Authority (NT EPA)</li> <li>• NT Department of Environment, Parks and Water Security (DEPWS)</li> <li>• NT Department of Infrastructure, Planning and Logistics (DIPL)</li> <li>• NT Department of Territory Families, Housing and Communities</li> <li>• Parks and Wildlife Commission of the NT (Katherine)</li> <li>• NT Police, Fire and Emergency Services (PFES)</li> <li>• Power and Water Corporation (PWC)</li> <li>• Victoria Daly Regional Council – Pine Creek</li> <li>• St John Ambulance NT</li> </ul>
Members of Parliament and local council officials	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Member for Lingiari, Hon Warren Snowdon (Labor Party)</li> <li>• Member for Daly, Hon Ian Sloan (Country Liberal Party)</li> <li>• NT Minister for Mining and Industry, Hon Nicole Manison</li> <li>• NT Minister for Environment, Hon Eva Lawler</li> <li>• Coomalie Community Government Council</li> <li>• Victoria Daly Regional Council</li> <li>• Mayor – Brian Pedwell</li> <li>• CEO – Russell Anderson</li> <li>• Councillor Pine Creek Ward – Gaye Lawrence</li> </ul>
Industry and local operators	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Kirkland Lake Gold (NT Operations)</li> <li>• Bacchus Resources</li> <li>• Bridge Creek Mining</li> <li>• Australian Pipeline Group (APA)</li> <li>• One Rail Australia (previously GWA)</li> <li>• AustralAsia Railway Corporation (ARC)</li> </ul>

## 3.2 Stakeholder Analysis

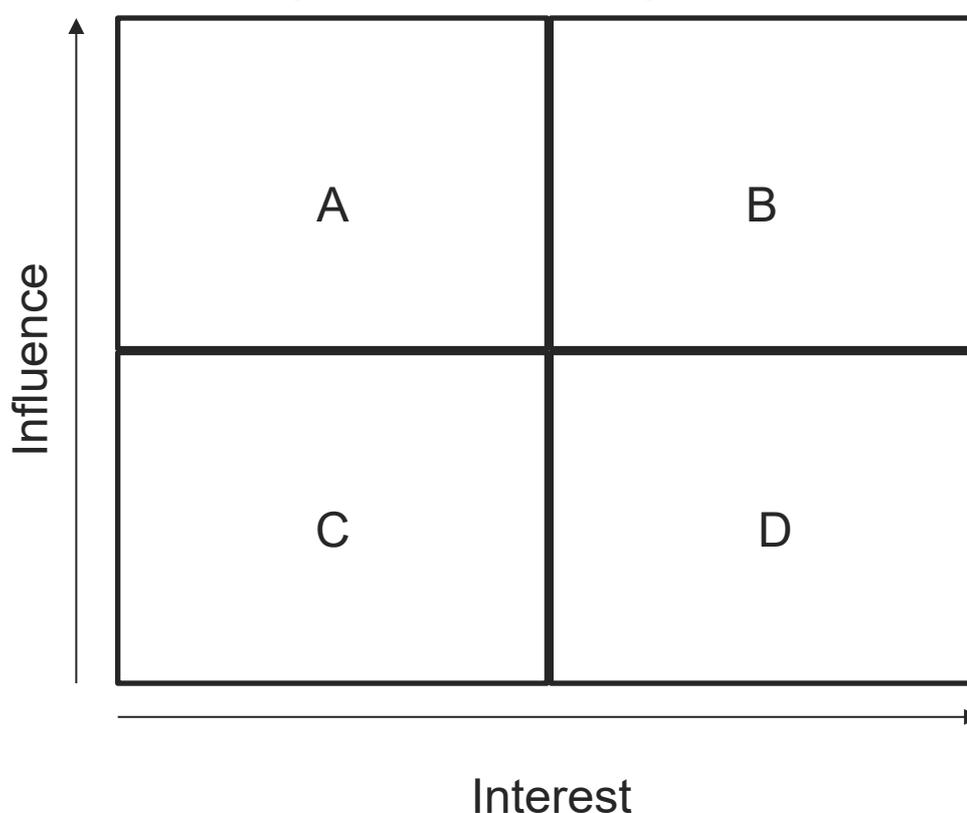
An analysis of the relative level of influence and interest helps inform the level of engagement chosen for stakeholders or stakeholder groups. Stakeholder interest is the extent to which the interests of a stakeholder may be positively or negatively affected by the Project. Stakeholder influence refers to the influence that a stakeholder may have over Project outcomes and decision-

making. Both interest and influence can change over time and for different locations and activities, so this analysis is updated periodically to ensure changes in stakeholder views are reflected.

Interest (according to impact) can vary in magnitude and extent depending upon the nature of the Project activities affecting the stakeholder, as well as the individual characteristics and sensitivities of the affected stakeholder. Influence can be political, social and economic, it is directly proportional to the level of importance and authority that the stakeholder possesses, and it is dependent on the degree of organisation of the stakeholder (e.g., whether it is a regulatory authority, organised group or collection of individuals).

An impact/influence matrix is presented in Figure 3.1.

Figure 3.1 – Stakeholder Categorisation Matrix



Stakeholders were mapped using this matrix and are placed into one of the following four categories:

- Category A – high influence, low interest – these stakeholders could affect the success of a Company activity however have limited interest and/or are not directly affected to a great degree.
- Category B – high influence, high interest – these stakeholders could affect the success of a Company activity and have a high level of interest and/or are directly affected by the activity.

- Category C – low influence, low interest – these stakeholders have limited capacity to affect the Company activity and have limited interest and/or are not directly affected to a great degree.
- Category D – low influence, high interest – these stakeholders have limited capacity to affect the Company activity however have a high level of interest and/or are directly affected by the activity.

Category B and D stakeholders (high interest) are considered primary stakeholders and are the focus for engagement activities. Category A stakeholders are considered secondary stakeholders, and are those that, while they currently may have low interest in the Project, have, or have the potential to have high influence, and are considered ‘watchlist’ stakeholders (i.e., they could become primary stakeholders if their level of interest were to change suddenly). Category C (tertiary) stakeholders are not directly impacted by the Project (low interest), nor are they highly influential.

Importantly, this SEP acknowledges that stakeholders can change categories and that ongoing analysis is required to maintain an up-to-date understanding of stakeholder groups’ influence and interest in the Project.

## 4 Potential Issues, Perceptions and Expectations

Table 4.1 outlines potential issues, perceptions and expectations that stakeholders have raised or may raise as a result of planned Project activities.

**Table 4.1 - Potential Stakeholder Issues, Perceptions and Expectations**

Topic	Perception / Issue / Expectation
Employment	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Not enough local employment</li> <li>• No local contract work</li> <li>• Lack of confidence in mining operations continuing – history of failure</li> </ul>
Land Access	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Restricted land access for cattle grazing</li> <li>• Stock will wander onto site</li> <li>• Loss of access to camping/hunting areas</li> <li>• Loss of access to prospecting areas</li> </ul>
Environment	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Land degradation</li> <li>• Increase in erosion</li> <li>• Silting of rivers and streams</li> <li>• Contamination of waterways (and groundwater) and impact on fishing</li> <li>• Possible chemical and reagent spills</li> <li>• Acid and/or metalliferous drainage</li> <li>• Noise and debris from blasting</li> </ul>
Flora & Fauna	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Removal of native vegetation</li> <li>• Introduction of weeds</li> <li>• Native wildlife could be affected</li> <li>• Threatened species could be impacted</li> <li>• Fauna habitat could be destroyed</li> </ul>
Groundwater	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Emptying pit of water will lower water table affecting local water bores</li> </ul>
Cultural Heritage	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Impact on sites of cultural significance</li> <li>• Increased personnel movement, lack of respect</li> </ul>
Community	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Impacts of workforce</li> </ul>
Roads	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Increase in heavy vehicle traffic</li> <li>• Road degradation</li> <li>• Speeding vehicles</li> <li>• Gates left open</li> <li>• Vehicles may not stop at rail crossing</li> </ul>

## 5 Engagement Methods

### 5.1 Tools and Techniques for Engagement

The level of engagement and the tools and techniques used is commensurate with the risks and impacts of the activity, the engagement purpose and is based on the category (A, B, C or D) assigned to a stakeholder or stakeholder group.

Three tiers of engagement based around the IAP2 (2014) spectrum have been used across the four categories:

- **In-depth consultation:** face-to-face meetings, regular letters, telephone calls and emails as required. Designed to seek and incorporate stakeholder feedback on project information into project design and management.
- **Informed consultation:** disclosure of project information via public exhibition, occasional letters, flyers, project website or media advertisements. Developed to encourage stakeholder questions and input around areas of interest/concern.
- **Information disclosure:** information disclosure about specific Project events/status (e.g., information about completion of a Project phase/component). Provided at key milestones and on an 'as needed' basis.

A summary of tools and techniques used to disclose Project information and collect data and feedback from stakeholders and is provided in Table 5.1. These tools have been chosen to support the Stakeholder Engagement Action Plan (Chapter 6) and have also underpinned engagement to-date.

**Table 5.1 - Tools and Techniques for Engagement**

Method	Description
Public exhibition	Useful technique to present the Project at an appropriate level and provide opportunity for the public, community organisations and other stakeholders and Government to comment on the Project's environmental and social issues.
Face-to-face meetings	Useful technique to build rapport with highly influential stakeholders requiring in-depth engagement. Used in particular with 'Category B' stakeholders.
Telephone calls/teleconferences	Useful follow up tool (in addition to email), once a face-to-to face meeting has occurred, or in lieu of a face-to-face meeting when they cannot be arranged. Also used for seeking any clarifications from regulatory authorities during the approvals process and for keeping them updated of application progress.
Letters	A means to disseminate Project information and can also be used as a feedback mechanism to update stakeholders on how their comments have been considered.
Emails	A cost-effective tool for communicating with a broad range of stakeholders. Used in conjunction with letters and printed material to ensure all stakeholders are reached (as not all will have access to or regularly check emails).
Flyers or leaflets	Used to keep all stakeholders informed about the status and progress of the Project, including the proposed Project layout and timing, studies being

Method	Description
	undertaken, potential impacts and benefits, and future opportunities for engagement.
News articles/adverts (print and online)	Targeted at the mining industry, online articles provide information about resource estimates and Project viability. Advertisements in local papers provide Project updates and job opportunities.
PNX website	Provides Project updates and announcements to industry, government and potential investors.
Mailing list	Stakeholders can choose to sign up to receive regular news updates via the PNX website.
Community events	Sponsorship or support for community events demonstrates commitment to the local community and provides a different way to reach out to people who may not be connected to, or aware of the Project.

PNX developed a Project message and a set of 'FAQs' (Appendix B) to support consistent information disclosure to stakeholders. Examples of the Project update flyers are provided in Appendix C.

## 5.2 Feedback, Complaints and Grievances

PNX maintains public contact details (email and phone number) to enable community or other stakeholders to provide feedback or register a complaint or grievance.

A grievance may be lodged in response to:

- Negative impacts on, or increased risks to, an individual or a community, such as financial loss, physical harm, damage to an asset, disruption to social practices including access to resources as a direct result of Project activities.
- Project-related actions leading to health, safety, environmental or social impacts.
- Unacceptable behaviour of any nature by Project representatives.

A grievance is submitted in confidence (i.e., they are not made public) with an expectation of corrective action or compensation to be made by PNX.

All feedback, complaints or grievances are recorded in the stakeholder engagement log and addressed in a timely and respectful manner.

## 5.3 Data Management

PNX maintains records of all stakeholder engagement activities in the Project stakeholder engagement log. Stakeholder data is used internally by the company to track and address recurrent concerns and issues and update stakeholder analysis and engagement approaches.

The stakeholder engagement log is maintained in Microsoft Excel and is managed by PNX personnel.

## 6 Engagement Action Plan

Table 6.1 outlines the Project engagement action plan. The action plan outlines the consultation required to meet the intent under the *EP Act* as well as support good practice pre-awareness consultation prior to construction commencing and ongoing engagement.

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**Table 6.1 – Stakeholder Engagement Action Plan**

Project Phase	Stakeholder Group	Approach	Tools and Techniques
Project Planning and Permitting	All stakeholders	Continue to provide Project updates including design, Project timing, potential impacts and benefits and opportunities to provide feedback/comment.	Flyers PNX website
		Exhibit the EIS for public consultation and address any community comments.	NT EPA website PNX website Public exhibition Face to face meetings
	Local landholders	Continue to progress discussions regarding access to water for stock and any other impacts associated with the recommencement of mining.	Face to face meetings
Pre-construction	Local community and businesses, local landholders, Traditional Owners and Aboriginal organisations	Communicate employment and supplier opportunities. Engage with local suppliers and Aboriginal organisations about maximising local employment/jobs.	PNX website Local newspaper
	Traditional Owners and Aboriginal organisations, Government and service providers	Engage with Traditional Owners about the appropriate management of Aboriginal objects and places within the Project footprint.	Face to face meetings Letters/emails
	Industry and local operators, Government and service providers	Engage with industry and relevant government departments regarding how construction impacts will be managed on infrastructure and public services, and to negotiate access arrangements/shared services.	Face to face meetings Letters/emails
	Members of Parliament and local council officials	Meet with local government representatives and Councillors (if relevant) to provide a Project update and discuss potential impacts, benefits and management measures.	Face to face meetings Letters/emails
	All stakeholders	Hold a 'town hall' meeting to present the proposed Project and hold a Q&A session.	Face to face meeting/ community event
		Develop an online complaints portal on the website. Publicise how community can lodge a complaint and how complaints or grievances will be managed.	PNX website

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<b>Project Phase</b>	<b>Stakeholder Group</b>	<b>Approach</b>	<b>Tools and Techniques</b>
Construction and Operations	All stakeholders	Continue to provide Project updates via a regular community flyer or newsletter.	Flyers/newsletter PNX website
		Hold public meetings in relation to specific issues as required (i.e., may take the form of a dedicated committee or a general meeting).	Face to face meeting/ community event
		Continue to identify and support local community events.	Community event PNX website
		Report on engagement activities undertaken via the Company website and annual report.	PNX website

## 7 Monitoring and Evaluation

The success of this SEP will be evaluated against the principles and objectives outlined in Chapter 1.

PNX will monitor the following to inform periodic evaluation of the engagement program:

- The number of engagement activities undertaken.
- Attendance numbers at meetings and workshops.
- Levels of stakeholder understanding of the Project, including potential impacts, benefits and management measures.
- Community support for the Project.
- Community feedback provided via the website or engagement activities.
- Community grievances/complaints.

## 8 References

- IAP2. 2017. Core Values of Public Participation. A WWW publication accessed 28/04/2021 from: [https://cdn.ymaws.com/www.iap2.org/resource/resmgr/pillars/2017\\_core\\_values-24x36\\_iap2\\_.pdf](https://cdn.ymaws.com/www.iap2.org/resource/resmgr/pillars/2017_core_values-24x36_iap2_.pdf). International Association of Public Participation.
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**Appendix A  
Log of Key  
Engagement  
Activities  
Undertaken**

**Table A-1 – Summary of Key Project Engagement Activities**

Project Phase	Stakeholder	Date	Topic	Issues Raised/discussed	Status of Issues
Project Scoping and NOI	NT DITT (formerly DPIR)	8 <sup>th</sup> May 2019	Fountain Head Dewatering MMP	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>No concerns raised</li> <li>Supportive, constructive comments on how to complete the Dewatering MMP</li> <li>Proposal was to process ore at Union Reefs North Underground Mine</li> </ul>	NA
	NT DEPWS (formerly DENR)	6 <sup>th</sup> June 2019	Fountain Head Dewatering MMP – water extraction licensing	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>No concerns raised</li> <li>Advice provided that when using a pump to dewater a pit, a surface water extraction licence is not required</li> <li>The pit is not a waterway therefore no permits are required</li> </ul>	NA
	Ban Ban Springs Station	3 <sup>rd</sup> - 5 <sup>th</sup> September 2019	Update on the Project and to introduce Craig Wilson	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>None</li> </ul>	NA
	Grove Hill Hotel owners	11 <sup>th</sup> September 2019	Margaret River flooding	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>No concerns raised</li> <li>Hotel is for sale as owners are retiring</li> </ul>	NA
	Northern Land Council	1 <sup>st</sup> October 2019	Cultural heritage surveys	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>No concerns raised</li> <li>Provided advice on appropriate representatives to contact for field survey</li> </ul>	NA
	Warai and Wagiman representatives	18 <sup>th</sup> – 23 <sup>rd</sup> October 2019	Cultural heritage surveys	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>No concerns raised</li> </ul>	NA
	Kirkland Lake Gold	Regular communications	Mark has been kept informed with the Project at every stage and has regular communications with James Fox	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>No concerns raised</li> <li>Provided support and guidance</li> </ul>	NA

Project Phase	Stakeholder	Date	Topic	Issues Raised/discussed	Status of Issues
	Bridge Creek Mining	Regular communications	Tony has been kept informed with the Project at every stage and has regular communications with James Fox	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>No concerns raised</li> <li>Working on processing options</li> </ul>	NA
	Bacchus Resources	Regular communications	Vaughan has regular conversations with Charles Nesbitt and to a lesser extent James Fox	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>No concerns raised</li> <li>Aware of all of exploration activities and Project intents</li> </ul>	NA
	Ban Ban Springs Station	15 <sup>th</sup> January 2020	PNX accepted offer to sponsor the Camp Draft 2020	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>No concerns raised</li> </ul>	Camp Draft was unable to be held due to Covid-19
	NT DITT	25 <sup>th</sup> February 2020	Fountain Head Dewatering Mine Management Plan (MMP)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Supportive, constructive comments on how to complete the Dewatering MMP</li> <li>Site water balance – raised whether the site can be managed as a no discharge site</li> </ul>	Care and Maintenance MMP needs to be approved before the dewatering MMP can be submitted. Revised MMP responding to DITT issues submitted
	NT EPA	26 <sup>th</sup> February 2020	Fountain Head Gold Project EIS	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Transition to new <i>Environment Protection Act</i> and timeframes</li> <li>Supportive, constructive comments on how to complete the EIS</li> </ul>	NA
	Grove Hill Hotel	3 <sup>rd</sup> March 2020	Request access to property for background sound monitoring	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>No concerns. raised</li> <li>Access granted</li> </ul>	NA
	NT DITT	10 <sup>th</sup> March 2020	Fountain Head Dewatering MMP	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>No concerns raised</li> <li>Requested information on whether a discharge licence would be required</li> </ul>	Advice provided to NT DITT from Water Resources Division – DENR (now DEPWS) from June 2019 in relation to

Project Phase	Stakeholder	Date	Topic	Issues Raised/discussed	Status of Issues
				<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Advice provided on structure of MMP amendment</li> </ul>	the <i>Water Act</i> and potential requirements for a water extraction licence
	NT EPA and NT Government advisory bodies	10 <sup>th</sup> March 2020	Fountain Head NOI	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The NT EPA raised the potential for several impacts that are to be addressed in further detail in the EIS</li> </ul>	Addressed in the EIS
	NT DIPL	12 <sup>th</sup> March 2020	Fountain Head Gold Project EIS – traffic and transport	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>No concerns raised</li> <li>Advice provided on what level of information required for proposal</li> </ul>	NA
Draft EIS	Ban Ban Springs Station	16 <sup>th</sup> March 2020	Water for irrigation	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Ty expressed interest in having access to the water for irrigation purposes. He is going to investigate the costs of centre pivot irrigators</li> </ul>	Work in progress
	ARC	23 <sup>rd</sup> March 2020	Fountain Head Gold Project and blasting near the railway	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>No concerns raised</li> <li>The Corporation advised that they had spoken to the NT EPA to ensure they are included in the EIS review (14<sup>th</sup> April 2020)</li> </ul>	NA
	APA	23 <sup>rd</sup> March 2020	Fountain Head Gold Project and blasting near gas pipelines	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>A risk assessment will need to be conducted, and an access agreement negotiated for the pipeline corridor</li> </ul>	Risk assessment and agreement to occur
	Ban Ban Springs Station	8 <sup>th</sup> April 2020	Cattle transportation	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Owners confirmed that a cattle grid can be installed near Fountain Head and gates can be left open whilst operational</li> </ul>	NA

Project Phase	Stakeholder	Date	Topic	Issues Raised/discussed	Status of Issues
	ARC	11 <sup>th</sup> – 29 <sup>th</sup> June 2020	Rail traffic data request	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Data was requested and provided concerning typical weekly local rail traffic</li> </ul>	NA
	AAPA	5 <sup>th</sup> May 2020	Completed application for a certificate of sacred sites clearance for the Project area	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>No concerns raised</li> </ul>	NA
	All project stakeholders listed in Table 5.1	9 <sup>th</sup> July 2020	Project update/general information on project progress	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>One query about EIS process and dates</li> <li>No concerns raised</li> </ul>	NA
	Ban Ban Springs Station	7 <sup>th</sup> – 30 <sup>th</sup> July 2020	Station access to water during mine operations	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Ban Ban Springs Station confirmed they do not use bore RN024290 during the dry</li> <li>They asked for confirmation regarding cattle access to the Fountain Head lake water during mining, what alternative supply would be provided</li> </ul>	A solution to provide water to cattle, including water requirements (i.e., amount, timing etc) is still being discussed
	NT DITT	14 <sup>th</sup> July 2020	Updated regarding proposed Fountain Head joint venture	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>No concerns/receipt acknowledged</li> </ul>	NA
	Ban Ban Springs Station	8 <sup>th</sup> February 2021	Station access to water during mine operations, fire breaks	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Requesting bore be drilled for watering weaner stock once project site access is restricted and requesting fire breaks be maintained on site</li> </ul>	Requested f2f – no response/resolution yet
	Ban Ban Springs Station	11 <sup>th</sup> February 2021	Drone use	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Complaint regarding the flying of a drone without notification – potential to intercept helicopter flight path</li> </ul>	Confirmed that the drone was being flown by the NT Department of Mines and that in future they would ensure to contact station owners prior

Project Phase	Stakeholder	Date	Topic	Issues Raised/discussed	Status of Issues
	NT EPA	10 <sup>th</sup> March 2021	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Project update/general information on project progress:</li> <li>Proposed method of tailings disposal (IWL) using filtered tailings</li> <li>Project water balance and management of water in particular in relation to the IWL and PAF stockpile</li> <li>Management of potentially acid forming waste rock and placement of this material under a water cover in the pit</li> <li>Stakeholder engagement activities undertaken and planned by PNX</li> <li>Expected schedule for lodgement of the EIS</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Queried whether discharge to a waterway was required during dewatering process</li> </ul>	Informed no discharges off lease are proposed
	NT DITT	15 <sup>th</sup> March 2021	<p>Project update/general information on project progress:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Proposed method of tailings disposal (IWL) using filtered tailings</li> <li>Closure of the site following completion of mining</li> <li>Stakeholder engagement activities undertaken and planned by PNX</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>No concerns raised.</li> </ul>	NA
	Ban Ban Springs Station	15 <sup>th</sup> May 2021	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Infrastructure post mine closure</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Landholder expressed interest in retaining dams, roads, fences and cattle grids post closure</li> </ul>	Conversations with landholder regarding

Project Phase	Stakeholder	Date	Topic	Issues Raised/discussed	Status of Issues
					post closure will be ongoing

^ NT Government advisory bodies for the NOI were: DEPWS, DIPL, DITT, DTFHC, PFES, DoH, DTBI, DLGHCP, PWC, AAPA, Department of the Attorney-General and Justice, Land Development Corporation and the Department of the Chief Minister.

**Appendix B  
Project  
Message and  
Responses to  
FAQ's**

# Project Message

PNX acquired the historic Fountain Head gold mine from Kirkland Lake in 2019. Geological assessments have been completed to determine the extent of gold resources in and around the historic pit and how they might be monetised. Drilling and subsequent modelling of gold resources was completed in mid-2020 and PNX has estimated approximately 156,000 ounces of potentially mineable gold.

Detailed feasibility and technical studies are ongoing and envisage that mining will re-commence within the existing open-pit utilising conventional drill and blast with mining by excavator and haul trucks. The blasted rock will be excavated and sorted into waste and gold bearing ore. The waste rock will be stockpiled on the existing waste stockpile which will be extended vertically and horizontally into a single landform. The ore will be hauled to a dedicated Run of Mine pad on site, where processing of ore will occur to recover the gold to a dore for refining and sale at the Perth Mint.

Tailings from the plant are expected to be stored within a dedicated cell within the waste dump creating an integrated waste landform (IWL). The IWL will store the processed tailings securely and is designed to be an environmentally friendly method for future storage minimising any potential impacts on the environment.

Technical studies are well underway to assess the feasibility of the Project and are expected to be completed mid-2021.

# Responses to FAQs

**Table B-1 - Responses to Frequently Asked Questions**

Question	Response
What is the status on the Hayes Creek Project	The Hayes Creek Project is still in Definitive Feasibility (DFS) stage and has been deferred until the mining of the remaining gold in the Fountain Head pit is near completion.
When will the Hayes Creek Zinc-Gold-Silver Project restart?	When the DFS is complete and any capital funding has been sourced. The Fountain Head pit can then be used as a tailings storage facility. This is expected to be from 2026.
How much gold remains in the Fountain Head Open Cut?	The 2020 Resource statement estimated that there is approximately 156,000 ounces of gold remaining in the Fountain Head pit. Approximately 100,000 ounces of this can be economically mined and recovered at current gold prices.
I hear that there are two (2) pits the Tally Ho and Fountain Head. What is the difference?	The original discovery of open pit mineable gold was in the Fountain Head lode, with further drilling the deeper Tally Ho lode was found 150m to the south west. Both of these lodes are mined from the one pit, namely the Fountain Head pit.
When will mining recommence at Fountain Head?	Subject to Environmental approvals being obtained by the end of 2021 and the required Project funding being finalised, the first half of 2022 is the current target date for mining to recommence.
How long will mining last?	The current mine plan predicts a mine life of approximately 3.5 years which is planned to be extended with further drilling and resource definition.
What are the dimensions of the final pit?	The current pit design is 750m long, 430m wide and final depth from surface is 160m. The current pit void is 90m deep.
What will be done with the water currently in the pit?	Up to half of the water will be evaporated by using large evaporation fans. The remainder will be stored on site in a dam. No offsite usage and/or discharge is approved at this time although this may be investigated if all environmental conditions can be met.
When will dewatering start?	Dewatering of the Fountain Head Pit has been authorised by DITT and is scheduled to commence mid to late 2021. Pumping of water to the onsite dam will commence when wall repairs have been completed 2022.
What is the water quality like?	The water quality is excellent. The pH is 6 – 8 which is neutral, the only metal exceedance is Arsenic (As) up to 0.7 mg/L in comparison safe drinking water has a maximum level of 0.01mg/l.

Question	Response
Where did the Arsenic come from?	The native rock in the Pine Creek region contains high levels of natural Arsenic which comes from minerals such as Arsenopyrite. The regional bore water is naturally high in Arsenic.
Who will do the mining?	It is proposed that professional mining contractors will be used to perform the mining.
How often will blasting take place?	Blasting will be required approximately 3 times per week. Blasts will typically be at lunch time or end of shift and always in daylight hours.
Will the Project create local opportunities in supply and employment?	Yes, local employment from the region and Darwin will be encouraged. It is envisaged that sufficient skills exist in the region so that the site does not require significant Fly-in Fly-out staff except for specialist roles.
Will the Project provide opportunities for local Indigenous personnel?	Yes, PNX encourages the hiring of Indigenous employees to improve localised skill availability.
What size will the workforce be?	At full capacity the Project will require approximately 130 full time personnel
Where will the workers live?	There will be a camp located within bussing distance to the mine site. Employees that live within the region and not on the roster change bus route will be expected to drive to the camp and reside in the camp for the duration of their work swing. Those living in Darwin and interstate will also reside in the camp and will be transported to the camp for their work swing by a roster change bus service.
Local road traffic will increase.	<p>As the ore will be processed on site there will be no heavy haulage of ore from the site. Only fuel supplies and other consumables will be transported to site.</p> <p>Employees will be bussed to site each day to reduce the likelihood of traffic related incidents</p> <p>Any damage to the road caused by delivery trucks will be repaired by PNX or DIPL.</p>
Where will the ore be processed?	The gold bearing ore will be crushed and processed on site at Fountain Head.
List the dangerous chemicals used on site	Some of the chemicals on site will be - Diesel, Motor oils & greases, Sodium Cyanide, Lime.
What happens if there is a discharge of contaminated liquor to the Environment?	All tanks and any ponds will have impermeable lining or bunding to contain any spillage. In the unlikely event of a spill this will be rapidly contained, any contaminated earth excavated, and the area will be appropriately rehabilitated.

Question	Response
What emissions will there be from site?	<p>Typical emissions from the mine site will include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Diesel exhaust fumes</li> <li>- Noise from mobile equipment, crushers &amp; blasting</li> <li>- Dust from dumps roads and crushers</li> <li>- Light from lighting plants and process plant</li> </ul>
What impacts will mining have on the Ban Ban Springs Station?	<p>Access to the Fountain Head Mineral Leases will continue to be restricted for approximately 10 years.</p> <p>The land will not be available for grazing during the Fountain Head Gold mining and any Hayes Creek ore processing if this occurs.</p> <p>The Project will be fenced and cattle grids will be installed on main entrances to the site.</p>
What impacts will dewatering of the pit have on the local water table?	<p>The water table will be drawn down in the immediate area surrounding the pit only.</p>
Who are the closest neighbours to Fountain Head?	<p>The closest neighbour is the Grove Hill Hotel with approximately 3 semi-permanent residents.</p>
What strategies are in place to identify and reduce environmental impacts?	<p>As part of environmental permitting, PNX is required to submit an Environmental Impact Statement that will detail potential impacts and proposed mitigation and management measures that will be put in place during the Project execution.</p>
What will mine closure look like?	<p>Upon mine closure all infrastructure will be removed and rehabilitation of all dumps roads and plant sites will take place with topsoil and seed coverings.</p> <p>The Mineral Leases will be returned as soon as practicably possible back to land suitable for grazing.</p>
There is a gas pipeline and railway close by. Will they be impacted by mining?	<p>No, PNX is working with representatives that manage the gas pipeline and railway to ensure mining can operate in parallel.</p>
How do I stay informed of Project news?	<p>To receive updates on project activities, you can register your contact details with PNX via <a href="mailto:info@pnxmetals.com.au">info@pnxmetals.com.au</a></p> <p>Updates are also posted to the PNX website <a href="https://pnxmetals.com.au">https://pnxmetals.com.au</a></p>
How do I contact PNX?	<p>To discuss the Project representatives from PNX are available as follows:</p> <p>Phone: +61 (8) 8364 3188</p> <p>Email: <a href="mailto:info@pnxmetals.com.au">info@pnxmetals.com.au</a></p>



# **Appendix C Examples of Project Flyers**



# Fountain Head Gold Mine Project



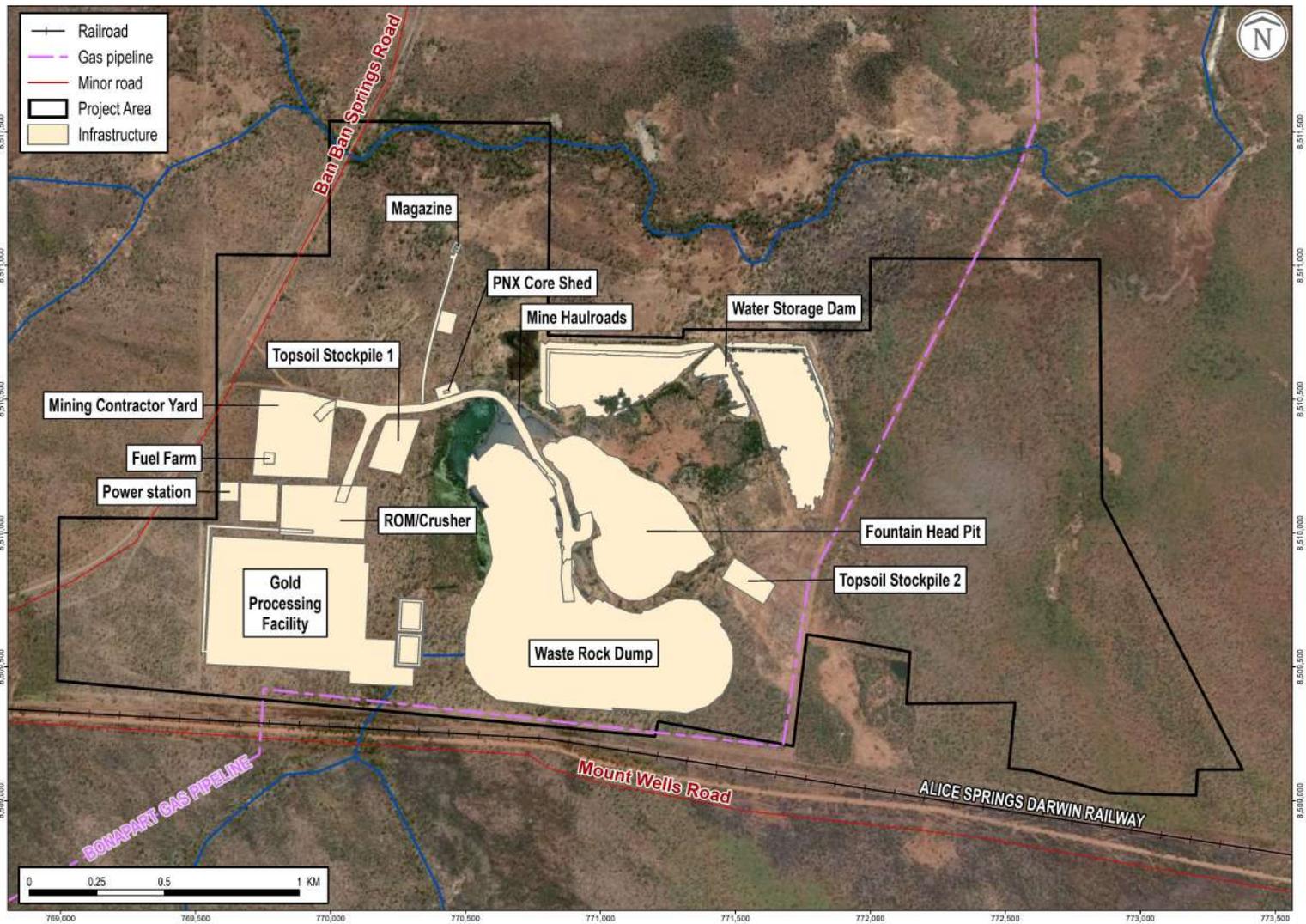
PNX Metals (PNX) Limited is proposing to recommence mining at Fountain Head, which is located between the towns of Pine Creek and Adelaide River, on a granted Mining Lease located within Ban Ban Springs Station in the Northern Territory. The recommencement of mining would incorporate dewatering, and expansion of the existing open pit and waste rock storage, construction of a gold processing facility and supporting infrastructure (e.g., workshops, roads, offices, reagent and fuel storage etc). If approved, mining would recommence in early 2021.

PNX is preparing an Environmental Impact Statement (EIS). The EIS will enable the Environmental Protection Authority (EPA) to assess the potential impacts and benefits associated with the proposal, and to determine whether it can proceed.

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# What is proposed?



If approved, the Project would be conducted in 3 stages, beginning in 2<sup>nd</sup> half of 2020.

## Stage 1 – Dewatering of the Open Pit (mid to late 2020)

- Dewatering of the existing open pit using evaporators
- Remediation and extension of the existing water storage dam

## Stage 2 – Construction, Mining and Processing (~mid 2021)

- Construction of a processing plant and associated infrastructure
- Construction of supporting infrastructure i.e. workshops, power station, roads, offices,

- Expansion and mining of the existing open pit and expansion of the existing waste rock storage
- Continued dewatering of the pit and water storage dam
- Production of gold
- **Stage 3 – Pit Closure and Rehabilitation (~end of 2023)**
- Progressive rehabilitation of the waste rock dump
- Infrastructure will be removed, and disturbed areas rehabilitated once operations are complete

# What could change?

PNX has engaged specialist consultants to conduct studies on cultural heritage, traffic, noise and vibration, air quality, groundwater, hydrology, geochemistry, aquatic ecology, and native fauna and flora.

These studies are informing the management measures that will be used to avoid or minimise any negative impacts from the proposal, and maximise the benefits.

## **What are the potential benefits of the Project?**

The Project will create over 100 direct and indirect jobs and will procure goods and services from local and NT businesses. PNX has a policy to source workers from local communities wherever possible. The Project will also result in areas disturbed by previous owners being rehabilitated by PNX.

## **Will the Project impact local water sources?**

Water for the Project will mostly come from the open pit, and the Project has been designed to separate mine impact water with natural surface water to protect the Margaret River and local streams. A detailed surface water management plan is being developed which will include a regular monitoring program.

## **What about noise or vibration?**

PNX is working with industry to manage any potential effects of blasting on the nearby gas pipeline and railway. The closest receptor to the mine is approximately 5.5 km away, and noise monitoring shows that even under all proposed operating scenarios the EPA's noise criteria will be met.

## **Are there any cultural heritage sites that will be affected?**

Surveys have identified several Aboriginal places and objects on the property. Sites of significance will be protected in accordance with the *Heritage Act 2011*. Any identified artifacts that may be impacted by the Project will be recovered prior to disturbance in consultation with Traditional Owners.

## **Will there be any changes to traffic or roads?**

The Project will utilise the Stuart Highway, Fountain Head Road and Ban Ban Springs Road. The increase in traffic as a result of the Project is expected to be negligible. A traffic study has been conducted and a traffic management plan developed to manage Project traffic and ensure road user safety.



# Have your say



Stakeholder consultation is an important part of the environmental and social impact assessment process. Consultation with stakeholders, including government authorities, businesses and landowners, commenced in June 2019, and feedback has already been built into the Project design.

Due to Covid-19, the community meetings and workshops planned to talk to the community about the proposal have had to be cancelled. However, there are still lots of opportunities to have your say about the proposal.

This flyer is one way we are reaching out to community about our proposal.

The regulatory process includes formal opportunities for public comment.

Recently, the draft terms of reference for the EIS were exhibited for public comment. Once the draft EIS is submitted to the EPA, it will be made available for community members to provide comment on the EPA website and in hard copy at selected locations. The EPA will consider community submissions in their response to the draft EIS.

If the Project is approved to commence, consultation with local communities will continue and be focused on employment and procurement opportunities and the timing of Project activities that may affect road or railway users.

<b>Draft EIS Development (May – June 2020)</b>	<b>Draft EIS Assessment (July – September 2020)</b>	<b>If the Project is Approved</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Conduct Project briefings/meetings with government authorities and business</li><li>• Distribute Project flyer to community members</li><li>• Community members encouraged to contact PNX with questions or concerns</li><li>• Respond to community concerns and incorporate feedback into Project design</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Public exhibition of EIS (hard copy and on the EPA website)</li><li>• EPA will review public submissions and draft a response</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Regular updates provided on PNX website</li><li>• Community notices or meetings as required</li></ul>

Interested community members are encouraged to direct any questions about the recommencement of mining at Fountain Head to the contact details below.

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# Fountain Head Gold Project



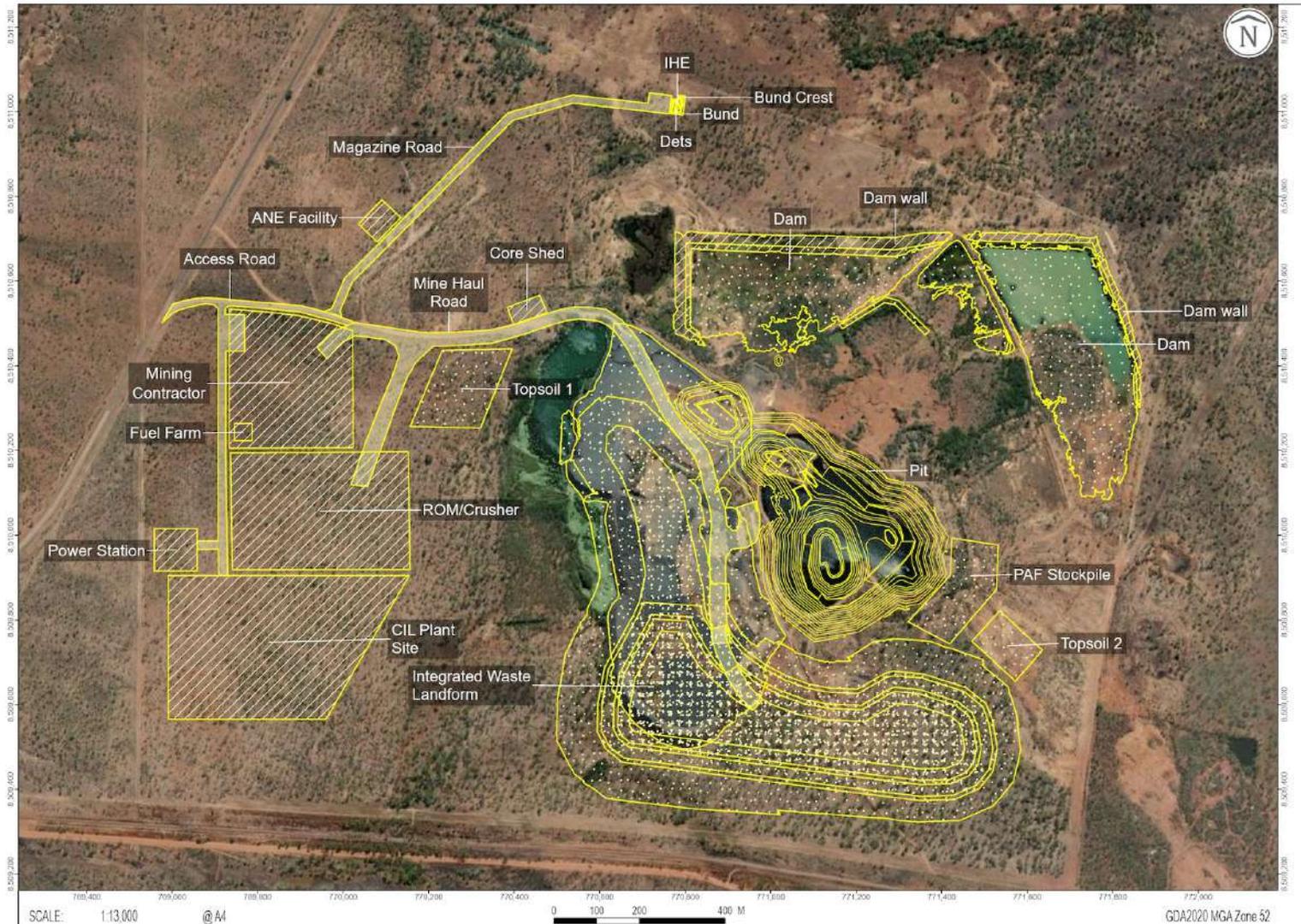
PNX Metals Limited (PNX) is proposing to re-open the historic Fountain Head gold mine, which is situated on granted Mineral Leases just north of the Mt Wells road between the towns of Pine Creek and Adelaide River in the Northern Territory.

A project update was provided to stakeholders in July 2020 describing the impacts and benefits of the proposed development; and included details of layout, processing methodology, key studies being undertaken and potential environmental and social impacts.

In late 2020, PNX amended the proposed processing methodology from heap leach to carbon in pulp (CIP), which in turn has reduced the project footprint and required updates to previously completed studies.

This project update summarises these changes and provides revised timing of the Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) which is currently being prepared and will provide the community with the opportunity to formally comment on the proposal.

# Updated project layout



## Key changes to the Project include:

- A change in the processing methodology from heap leach to carbon in pulp.
- The existing waste rock storage will become an integrated waste landform (IWL) and be used to store filtered tailings and benign waste rock.
- The approach to tailings management is unique to the NT and offers long term environmental benefits. Filtered tailings have up to 90% of water removed and this subsequently reduces the risk of

seepage from the IWL.

- Increased energy requirements which will be sourced via an on-site power station.
- Additional equipment for the crushing and grinding of ore.
- The project footprint on non-disturbed land will be reduced with the new design, from 82.3 ha to 80.6 ha
- The original mine schedule was for 3 years, and to begin in late 2020. The new schedule is for mining to take 3.5 years and if approved, will begin in the first half of 2022.

# Changes to studies

Studies PNX has updated for inclusion in the EIS include;

- Air quality
- Noise
- Traffic
- Hydrology
- Groundwater

Key findings to-date from these studies include;

- Ground-level concentrations of particulate matter and dust deposition rates caused by the Project will comply with air quality criteria at nearby receptors.
- Project noise will comply with the noise guideline criteria at the nearest receptor during construction and operations.
- The increase in traffic is minimal and has not changed the previous assessment or recommendations.
- Overall results indicate that the majority of waste materials to be mined will be non-acid forming, with a minor proportion of potentially acid forming (PAF).
- It is proposed that the PAF material will be stockpiled and then backfilled into the mined void following completion of mining. The PAF material will be covered with water eliminating the potential for acid drainage.

Updated ground and surface water modelling is yet to be finalised and additional geochemical testing of waste rock and tailings is currently underway to inform the water management component of the studies.

The aquatic and terrestrial ecology and cultural heritage studies were not required to be updated as the changes in processing methodology did not require the impact assessment to be updated.

Management plans addressing the key issues and impacts will be released with the EIS, and include a Water Management Plan, Stakeholder Engagement Plan, Cultural Heritage Management Plan and Closure Plan.



# Have your say



Stakeholder consultation is an important part of the environmental and social impact assessment process. Consultation with stakeholders, including government authorities, businesses, Traditional Owners and landholders, commenced in June 2019, and feedback has been built into the Project design.

PNX provided a Project information flyer in July 2020 inviting the public to ask questions or provide comments on the proposed project.

PNX has also been engaging with industry and government stakeholders about the project, including the AustralAsia Railway Corporation, APA (owners and operators of the nearby gas pipeline) and the Aboriginal Areas Protection Authority.

In 2019, the draft terms of reference for the EIS were exhibited for public comment. Once the draft EIS is submitted to the EPA, it will be available from the EPA website and in hard copy at selected locations for the community to review and provide comment. The EPA will consider community submissions in their response to the draft EIS.

If the Project is approved to commence, consultation with local communities will continue and be focused on employment and procurement opportunities and the timing of Project activities that may impact road, railway or other stakeholders.

Interested community members are encouraged to direct any questions about the recommencement of mining at Fountain Head to the contact details below.

Draft EIS Development (Mar – May 2021)	Draft EIS Assessment (June – Aug 2021)	If the Project is Approved
<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Conduct Project briefings/meetings with government authorities and business.</li><li>• Distribute project update(s) to community members.</li><li>• Community members encouraged to contact PNX with questions or concerns.</li><li>• Respond to community concerns and incorporate feedback into Project design.</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Public exhibition of EIS (hard copy and on the EPA website).</li><li>• EPA will review public submissions and draft a response.</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Regular updates provided on PNX website.</li><li>• Community notices or meetings as required.</li><li>• Consultation with Traditional Owners on cultural heritage matters.</li></ul>

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